Decatur Weekly Republican.

VOL. XI. DECATUR, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1877. NO. 13

The Weekly Republican.

OFFICIAL CITY AND COUNTY PAPER.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY HAMSHER & MOSSER

OFFICE: SOUTH WATER STREET, opposite the Opera House.

RATES FOR ADVERTISING.

ONE INCH CONSTITUTES A SQUARE.

	1 wk	2 wks	3 wks	1 mo	2 mos	3 mos	1 yr
1 agr	$1 25	$1 50	$2 25	$3 00	$4 50	$6 00	$10 00
2 sqs	2 50	3 10	3 70	4 20	6 60	9 60	14 40
3 sqs	3 60	4 50	5 40	6 30	9 00	12 00	17 40
4 sqs	4 50	6 00	6 90	7 80	12 00	14 80	20 00
1 col	6 00	7 50	8 50	9 50	15 00	20 00	30 00
2 col	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	14	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
3 col	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	18	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
4 col	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	25	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1 col	18 00	24 00	30 00	36 00	45 00	60 00	100 00

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE E. R. ELDRIDGE as a candidate for County Judge.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE J. A. Cussins as a candidate for County Superintendent of Schools.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE W. John Walker, of Oakley, as a candidate for County Superintendent of Schools.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE Henry W. Waggoner as a candidate for reelection to the office of County Clerk.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE WILLIAM M. BOYD as a candidate for County treasurer.

E. T. Chamberlin, postmaster at Blue Mound, Illinois, is our authorized agent at that place to receive subscriptions and receipt for the same. Subscribers who receive papers from that place will find their subscriptions settled by indebtedness by inquiring of Mr. Clements.

LOCAL NOTES.

TREES are now being stripped for their winter repose.

PLEASURE vehicles are laid up for repairs.

INTEREST on the coal question is increasing as the time approaches.

FOR curtain goods and hangings, go to Abel & Locke's.

FARMERS should locate in Decatur, where they are on high ground. The yields of rye have been very large.

READ Cheap Charley's new advertisement in to-day's paper. Charley has a big stock of goods and sells them at exceedingly low figures.

LEHMAN & BERRY, corner of Prairie and Water streets, have just received a nice lot of Tontons and orange. Also a full assortment of other fruits.

FURTHER improvements are being made on East Main street, between the old square and Water street, the side gutters are being deepened on either side, stone crossing is to be put in, and the street made [illegible].

A REALIZING sense of winter is approaching, should lead every man to call at Abel & Co. C. Crockett, where he can find a supply of all the latest and best patterns, for any and all purposes. Call and examine the Howe Jewel, the celebrated rotary shuttle sewing machine.

MENTION has heretofore been made of the fact that J. T. Hubbard has bought the drug stock in this city formerly occupied by Brown & Wise. Mr. Hubbard is an experienced druggist and an affable gentleman, and Capt. Brown, who remains behind the prescription case for the present, is also a scientific chemist and clever gentleman.

IN YOUR paper will be found the announcement of William M. Boyd as a candidate for county treasurer. Mr. Boyd served in this office in 1869, and again in 1871, and proved himself to be an excellent officer—accurate, attentive and obliging.

J. T. DENTON & Co., corner of Eldorado and Front streets, are doing an extensive business in the grocery line. Their stock is first-class, and consists of staple and fancy groceries, fine cigars, tobacco, woodenware, glassware, etc. In fact, stock is very complete in all its departments.

CORRECTION.—In our statement of the assessment case, which is being tried by the county court, we should have said that the assessment was made by commissioners appointed by the county court, as the law provides.

CONFIRMATION.—There is to be a confirmation service at the Episcopal church at an early day, and full particulars will be given in due time. On this occasion the Decatur people will have an opportunity to hear the new bishop of the diocese, Right Reverend Dr. McLaren, who is said to be a very able divine and an eloquent preacher.

HELD TO BAIL.—The man Bradford, who was last week arrested here for stealing a horse, at St. Louis, was this morning brought before Justice Albert for a preliminary examination, and held to bail in the sum of five hundred dollars. In default he was recommitted.

FOR COUNTY JUDGE.—In to-day's paper will be found the announcement of Mr. E. R. Eldridge as a candidate for county judge. Mr. Eldridge is a young man of fine character, a lawyer of experience, and a citizen of good repute. He would make a good county judge.

Broken Candy 20 cents a pound at Wood's. [Oct. 12-d2w

STATE BOARD OF HEALTH.

Certificates for the following physicians of this city, who qualified on the 11th of September, have been received by Dr. Stebbins King and are ready for distribution at his office. These certificates are got up in very fine style, certifying that the State Board of Health, having received satisfactory evidence of the skill of the parties named having received the degree of M. D. from a reputable Medical College, they are authorized to practice medicine under the laws of this State, "to regulate the practice of medicine in the State of Illinois," approved May 29th, 1877.

Diplomas and affidavits left with Dr. King since the 11th of September have not yet been acted upon by the State Board of Health, but will be in a few days.

Dr. Ira N. Barnes, Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, 1863.

Dr. J. Stebbins King, Medical College of Ohio, Cincinnati, 1860.

Dr. E. W. Moore, St. Louis University, 1853.

Dr. Geo. Kilner, Chicago Medical College, 1872.

Dr. Sem. McBride, Starling Medical College, Columbus, Ohio, 1852.

Dr. Lizzie P. James, Hahneman Medical College, Chicago, 1877.

Dr. [illegible], Hahneman Medical College, Chicago, [illegible].

Dr. A. J. Stoner, Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, 1853.

Dr. W. B. Hostetler, Albany Medical College, N. Y., 1856.

Dr. Ira B. Curtis, Missouri Medical College, St. Louis, 1849.

Dr. E. P. Bartlett, Bellevue Hospital Medical College, N. Y., 1875.

Dr. [illegible] Weston, Rush Medical College, Chicago, 1866.

Dr. [illegible] Walker, Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, 1861.

Dr. Josiah Brown, Georgia Medical College, 1834.

Dr. Samuel [illegible], Cleveland Medical College, Ohio, 1844.

Dr. W. H. Walters, Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, 1852.

Dr. S. J. Rumstead, Homœpathic Medical College of Penn., 1862.

Dr. A. C. Douglas, Rush Medical College, Chicago, 1865.

Never Buy a watch, clock, or any jewelry until you have seen the stock of Otto E. Curtis. He carries by far the largest line of watches, clocks, jewelry, solid and silver plated ware in Decatur. Consequently you can always find something just to suit you in style and price at his store. Go in and see.

Oct 22 d1w1

From Tuesday's Daily.

TEMPERANCE MEETING AT MT. ZION.—Last night there was a good turnout at Mt. Zion to listen to Elder Haynes and others on the temperance question. The elder was accompanied by Frank Priest Esq. and Capt. Bingham, both of whom made brief addresses that were to the point. The meeting was [illegible] and [illegible] persons signed the pledge.

THE [illegible] in the County Court, the jury sitting upon the assessment case, which has been on trial for several days, returned a verdict to the effect that the commissioners were just and equitable. Mr. Bunn, counsel for the contestants, moved for a new trial.

LAST NIGHT was an interesting temperance meeting was held at Macon, which was addressed by Rev. J. W. L. Hammer, Esq. and others. Between thirty and forty signed the pledge and it was voted to hold another meeting to-day. Several of our citizens will go down to help forward the good work. The people of Macon have become thoroughly aroused, and intend to carry the town by storm. Several of the leading citizens are in the movement and are active workers in the meetings.

TEACHERS, ATTENTION!—The Macon county Teachers' Association will meet at the County Superintendent's office, in Decatur, Saturday, Nov. 3rd, at 10 a. m.

Programme—Errors of Speech, I. E. Brown; Grammar, Mrs. C. M. Richles; U. S. History, (Acquisition of Territory), J. A. Smith.

Afternoon—Physiology (Bones), Miss Coleman; Arithmetic (Bank Discount), John Cussins; Zoology (an Object Lesson), John Trainer.

Question for Discussion: "How shall we prevent communications?"

All live teachers should attend.

J. B. ALCOTT, Sec'y.

W. R. Whitaker, at his cash store in Macon, has reduced in price all kinds of goods. Good prints, 16 yards for $1.00; cotton flannels, 12 yards for $1.00; standard A sugar, 8½ lbs. for $1.00, and all other goods selling accordingly.

Hard to Beat.—Mr. Jacob Seitz, of Oakley township, one of the oldest subscribers of the REPUBLICAN—yesterday favored us with a basket of apples from his orchard, which for size and quality would be hard to excel. The varieties are of the best that can be grown in this locality, and the specimens are all perfect. If anybody thinks that these can be beaten let them try.

NOW FOR KENTUCKY.—Mr. J. Pasley, of Blue Mound township, brought to our office to-day a tobacco stalk ten feet high, which grew on his farm. The seed was planted in February. Where's Kentucky now?

Chinchilla Overcoats, at $6.00, at B. Stine's, the Clothier. Oct. 11-d3w

REFORM CLUB.

The meeting of this organization on Saturday evening, though not as largely attended as some of the previous ones, was spirited and earnest, and was really one of the best that has taken place. In the absence of Mr. J. B. McDonald, the president, Mr. L. F. Muzzy was called to the chair, and presided with his usual ease and good nature. Speeches being decided in order, about a dozen members of the club made brief addresses, which showed that they were deeply imbued with the spirit of their work and in dead earnest to "push the battle to the enemy's gates." Those who had been out during the week to hold meetings at different points, reported their success, which showed that a great and good work had been done in the rural districts. It is not too much to say that the addresses of the brethren as to ability were such as reflected much credit upon the speakers. Among the speakers was Mr. Wm. M. Stanley, editor of the Sullivan *Journal*, who made some very interesting remarks as to the progress of the work in that city.

After the speaking the following resolutions were introduced by Mr. Brayton, and passed:

WHEREAS, The ladies of the Christian Temperance Union, in their goodness of heart and great hospitality, furnished the members of the Reform Club and their wives a grand banquet at Priest's Hotel on last Tuesday night; be it

Resolved, That this club jointly and severally return grateful thanks to the ladies for their hospitality in furnishing us and our wives with a most excellent supper at Priest's Hotel, and we trust that this token of friendship may be everlasting in all our hearts, and that the trust imposed in us—good faith to sustain the pledge we have taken—may never be questioned.

Resolved, That this club will forever preserve the fair reputation it has now, and will never cast a gloom on our esteemed members of the Ladies' Union, and hope the "Sun" may ever shine brighter and brighter on us all.

Brother Theodore Nelson then presented the following resolution, which was also adopted:

Resolved, That the Decatur Reform Club has recognized with gratification the course of the Decatur REPUBLICAN and Decatur *Sun* during the progress of the current temperance revival, their efficient and timely notifications to the community, of meetings and other matters of interest, and in their prudent and judicious publications upon the subject, which have tended so largely to cultivate a proper public sentiment, and we desire, in this public manner, to make acknowledgment of our appreciation of the encouragement thus extended to those engaged in the good work.

As the brethren separated all felt that the meeting had been a profitable one, and they went away with renewed interest and purpose to do valiant work in the good cause.

DECATUR, AHEAD.—Scarcely a day passes that we do not hear men whose business calls them to different parts of the State, and to cities in other States, speak of Decatur in comparison with other towns of its size, and even with those which have several thousand more inhabitants than this place, and in almost every case our city is declared to be the liveliest of any of them. Traveling salesmen, who are really the best judges in the country as to the comparative trade of different places, nearly all say that for genuine "get up and dust" Decatur is far ahead of Springfield or Jacksonville.—Now, these opinions, coming from such a source, are highly complimentary to the town, and should open the eyes of our people to a realizing sense of what they are in the line of genuine enterprise, and prompt them to efforts to deserve all that is said in favor of the place.

PROSPECT OF A DIRECT ROUTE TO CHICAGO.—The suggestion that there is some prospect of direct communication with Chicago by railroad, is received with much favor and satisfaction by the citizens of Decatur. Already the people are thinking of it as an established fact, and are estimating the advantages that our city will derive from the road when it is built. In our judgment it is hardly possible to overestimate the benefits that would accrue to the town from the establishment of the proposed line of travel between here and the Garden City. By this new order of things the facilities of Decatur as a market for cattle, hogs, and farm productions generally, would be greatly increased, and the amount of shipments from here of the articles named would realize a corresponding increase.—We hope anybody and everybody who can exert any influence in hastening the consummation of the work, will do all in their power to encourage the enterprise. A public meeting to talk the matter over and stir the question up, might have a tendency to forward the project. Let not the opportunity be lost.

Temperance Mass Meeting.—There will be a grand temperance rally at the court house on Saturday evening of this week. Let everybody turn out and crowd the house.

Berlin Zephyr, Shetland Wool, Shetland Floss, Germantown Yarn, and every other kind of yarn, you will find all colors and a very large stock, at

Oct. 11—d&wtf GOLDBURG'S.

Home-made Stockings, for children, misses and ladies, very cheap, at

Oct. 11—d&wtf GOLDBURG'S.

A MYSTERY.

Supposed Murder of Dr. Lowdermilk, of Oakley.

From Monday's Daily.

Last night about midnight Dr. Lowdermilk, of Oakley, was called up by a man whom nobody seems to have recognized and told to go to the house of C. J. Barrackman, some four miles from Oakley, and this side of the river, and to take his instruments with him. He went at once, the messenger having disappeared, and since then no tidings have been received of the doctor. It transpires that nobody at Barrackman's needed attention, and no doctor had been sent for. Search was made by friends of the doctor this morning, and on the bank of the river, beyond Rea's bridge, the medicine case and private papers belonging to the doctor were found, with signs of a struggle in the road. The alarm was at once given, and 30 or 40 men began to search for the missing man, but up to the time of going to press no tidings have been obtained.

It seems that some years ago, Dr. Lowdermilk was in the secret service of the United States treasury department, his field of perations being in Missouri. Among the criminals convicted by his testimony were two counterfeiters, who were sent up for five years each. They vowed vengeance and said at the time that when they got out of prison they would have Lowdermilk's blood. In the meantime the doctor moved to this state and settled at Oakley. Some months or more ago he received a letter from a friend in Missouri, warning him that these two men had been discharged from prison, and had started for Illinois, vowing that they would have Lowdermilk's heart. Soon afterwards they actually made their appearance about Oakley, and the doctor, on seeing them, came to Decatur and asked the advice of his attorneys, Messrs. Brown & Tait, as to what course he had better pursue. They advised him to leave the country for a short time, telling no one where he was going, and during his absence they would have the men shadowed by detectives. He accordingly went away, but the sequel, it is feared will prove that he returned too soon, for it is altogether likely that he has fallen a victim to the vengeance of these villains.

The horse rode by the doctor last night and which has not been found yet, was a dark dun, with a dark stripe down the back, and was a natural pacer. The two men are described as being of medium height, about 30 or 35 years of age, one having a thick and the other a red complexion.

From Tuesday's Daily.

In our issue of yesterday appeared an account of the sudden disappearance of Dr. Lowdermilk on Sunday night last, on the occasion of his being suddenly summoned to go to Mr. Barrackman's in a professional capacity. Since then no additional facts have come to light at this writing going to clear up the mystery which enshrouds this strange affair beyond the finding of the Doctor's horse in the pasture of Mr. Wm. Dodson, just east of town, from which place it was taken and committed to the pound for safe keeping. Yesterday afternoon a gentleman from Oakley recognized the animal as the one which the Doctor rode away, and took it back to Oakley.

Yesterday afternoon, after the finding near Rea's Bridge, of papers belonging to the Doctor, and also his case of surgical instruments, with signs of a struggle in the road where they were found, search was made for the body of the missing man, without discovering any trail or sign to indicate how it might have been disposed of.

This morning between 8 and 9 o'clock Mr. Charles Durfee received a telegram from Dr. Lowdermilk's brother, of Auburn, asking that the brothers of the Odd Fellows Lodge, of which the Doctor was a member, and the Decatur Grenadiers, to which he also belonged, turn out to-day and assist in the search for his body, meeting at Rea's Bridge for that purpose. In response to this call a large number went out from the city and met the Oakley people at the place designated, from which point parties went up and down the river and through the woods in search of the body.

Whatever may transpire between this and the time of going to press will be given to the public.

This morning, and throughout the forenoon, all sorts of rumors were afloat in the city. At one time it was current on the streets that the body of the missing man had been found in the timber not far from Rea's bridge, with two bullet holes through it, but as the coroner had received no notice to that effect the report was generally discredited. Others expressed the opinion that the disappearance of the Doctor was a ruse, under cover of which he might get out of the country, though no one seemed to know of any reason for such a movement on his part. At noon the matter was still wrapt in profound mystery.

Some seventy-five men were engaged this forenoon in hunting the woods and dragging the river near the bridge, but without success. At this hour (3 p. m.) no trace of the missing man has been discovered.

Capt. W. W. Lowdermilk, of Auburn, a brother of the missing doctor, who arrived last night, assisted in the search, but left on the noon train, in obedience to a telegram from Springfield, bidding him come there at once. Before leaving Sangamon station, the captain sent the following:

F. W. SCHAURTE, Special Agt. P. O. Dep't, St. Louis.—My brother Alf was murdered near here Sunday night, by Stegal and Whitney, who were arrested by you and him at Nevada City, Missouri, and sent to states prison for five years. They left on horses, and are probably bound for Vernon county, Missouri. Use every possible effort to capture them, and telegraph me at Springfield.

From Wednesday's Daily.

The most diligent inquiry has failed to bring to light any new facts about this mysterious case up to noon to-day. On the streets it is the all-absorbing topic of conversation, and every new rumor is caught at with avidity, and passed from lip to lip. There are two theories of the case, and between these the people seem to be about equally divided. One opinion is that he was killed as first reported, and that the body is either in the river or timber not far from Rea's bridge. Acting upon this opinion nearly a hundred men were dragging the river and hunting through the timber yesterday, and a large number have renewed the search to-day. Another opinion is that the Doctor has clandestinely left the country, and had arranged with some confederate to call him out on Sunday night—and that he left the articles found near Rea's bridge for the purpose of conveying to community that he had been murdered. This theory finds many adherents in the city. So far as we can learn the prevailing opinion at Oakley, where the Doctor resided, is that there has been foul play in the case, and that the Doctor has been put out of the way. Of course, until there are new developments, nothing certain can be known, and all speculations upon the matter are useless.

From Wednesday's Daily.

PRESENTATION.—Last evening at the meeting of Rescue Hose Company, a beautiful gold medal was presented to Mr. George Kraft by the company. Foreman W. W. Foster presented the testimonial of respect in a few well-timed remarks, which were answered in a fitting manner by Mr. K., as he modestly accepted the token. This medal is solid gold, and consists of a pin in the shape of a hose-pipe, which fastens the badge to the coat. On the pin is the name of the recipient, and on the badge is engraved, "Rescue Hose Co. No. 1—Time 67."

Reception.—The Stapp's Chapel congregation will give a reception in honor of their new pastor and his family, on Friday evening of this week, in their church. Refreshments will be served in the lecture room. All are invited, and a most agreeable time socially may be expected. The ladies of this congregation are noted for their hospitality and skill in the management of affairs of this kind, and everybody who may attend the reception on Friday evening may rest assured that no pains will be spared to make them feel at home.

Public Sale.—I will sell at my residence, one-half mile east of Macon, on Saturday, Nov. 3rd, 1877, the following property, to wit: Two breaking plows, 1 hinge harrow, 1 second-hand wagon, 2 new thimble skein wagons, single buggy and harness, 10 steer calves, 35 head of yearling steers and spayed heifers, 5 head of milch cows, 1 young work horse, 1 brood mare. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock.—A credit of 12 months will be given for all the property sold, purchaser giving note with approved security.

D. T. KYKER.

J. THORNHILL, Auctioneer. [oc24w2*

Hamsher Wagons are still ahead in the matter of reputation and are winning golden opinions wherever they are used. Farmers cannot do without them, and they are called for from all directions. A good supply of ready made work is always on hand and all orders for new work are promptly filled. Factory on Mason street, Decatur, Illinois.

ASTONISHING SUCCESS.

It is the duty of every person who has used BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP to let its wonderful qualities be known to their friends in curing Consumption, severe Coughs, Croup, Asthma, Pneumonia, and in fact all throat and lung diseases. No person can use it without immediate relief. Three doses will relieve any case, and we consider it the duty of all druggists to recommend it to the poor dying consumptive, at least to try one bottle, as 40,000 dozen bottles were sold last year, and no one case where it failed was reported. Such a medicine as the GERMAN SYRUP cannot be too widely known. Ask your druggist about it. Sample bottles to try sold at 10 cents. Regular size 75 cts. For sale by A. J. Stoner, B. F. Gue & Son and Theo. Hildebrandt.

Oct. 11—d&w1y

The Latest Styles in Ties, Ruches, Cuffs and Collars, at GOLDBURG'S.

Oct. 11—d&wtf

SHELBYVILLE, ILL., Oct. 23.—The circuit court of this county has been in session for two weeks, this week being set apart for the trial of criminal cases. On the opening of court, this morning, Marion Frizzell, on being arraigned, pleaded guilty to the charge of murdering his father last spring, and was sentenced by Judge Webb to confinement in the penitentiary during the period of his natural life. The prisoner did not appear to be at all affected by the prospect before him.

From Wednesday's Daily.

THE TEMPERANCE CAMPAIGN IN THE COUNTRY.

Meetings were held last evening at several different points in the country.—We have a most encouraging report from

MAROA,

where Elder N. S. Haynes addressed a large audience in the Christian church.—Capt. W. E. Bingham was also present and made some very appropriate remarks as to the good work which has been done in Decatur. The speaking was interspersed with spirited singing, which added much to the interest of the meeting. Eighteen new signatures to the pledge were obtained, and the meeting was in all respects an eminently successful one.

LONG CREEK.

At the North Fork Church, a large and enthusiastic meeting was addressed by D. L. Bunn, Esq., of the Good Templars Lodge, and P. R. Williams, of the Reform Club. The address of Mr. Bunn is spoken of as an able and telling one, and Mr. Williams related his experience in a manner that interested the audience deeply. As the result of the evening's effort over a hundred signed the pledge. The meeting was in all respects a grand success, and showed that the people in that neighborhood are thoroughly aroused.

AT BOODY.

A large and successful meeting was held in the school-house, which was addressed by Rev. F. W. Niedermyer, S. W. Hamsher and Orville Ewing, all of whom acquitted themselves in the most creditable manner. There was good singing to enliven the exercises, and the meeting was full of spirit and earnestness. At the close of the speaking 18 signed the pledge. Good for Boody.

AT MACON.

Another grand rally was held at Macon last night, in Macon Hall. The meeting was opened by prayer, by Rev. J. R. Clowell, after which several addresses were made by members of the reform club from Decatur. Mr. J. A. Arnold spoke of the steps by which boys and young men are led to habits of drunkenness, commencing with the social game of cards in the saloon. Charles Holt also spoke of the many temptations which surround young men to entice them to drink, and warned them to be on their guard. Wm. Martin, of Wheatland, took up the cider question and presented it in a manner which showed conclusively that cider should be eschewed as a beverage. Mr. Edward Moore was the next and last speaker, who held the closest attention of the large audience for over an hour. The meeting was full of enthusiasm, and at the close of the meeting the speakers were requested to take their places upon the platform so that the congregation might have a general handshaking with them. Fifty-eight new members signed the pledge. The people of Macon are wide awake on the subject of temperance and are working with a will.

TO PREVENT AND CURE COUGHS AND COLDS.

A reliable remedy is necessary in every household. Parker's Ginger Tonic is just the medicine needed. It radically cures Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, and even Consumption, if used in time, by its powerful specific action on the Stomach, Kidneys, Skin, Liver, and mucous surfaces of the Throat and Lungs. In this natural way it cleanses the vitiated matters from the blood, builds up the tissues, fortifies the system against further attacks, and permanently allays inflammations of the Throat, Lungs, and other organs. It is a powerful invigorant, and affords just the help that the aged, the feeble, and the convalescent require, because it ensures perfect digestion and enjoyment of the food, enriches the blood, and arouses the dormant energies of the debilitated organs. It cures dyspepsia with its varied symptoms of Headache, Wakefulness, Sour Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Constipation, Liver Complaint, Palpitation of the Heart, etc., and while it never intoxicates nor creates any desire for stimulants, it diffuses warmth and vigor through the system, renews the appetite, soothes the nerves, banishes melancholy, and gives strength and elasticity to the worn-out frame. Buy a $1.00 bottle from your druggist, W. C. Armstrong, southeast corner East Main street and old square, Decatur, Ill., or a sample bottle at 15 cts., and test its extraordinary merits.

"Don't Forget it."—That Dr. E. Miller's great hog cholera remedy, when administered according to directions is a positive preventative and a cure so long as hogs as a rule can eat; it regulates the bowels when hogs are scouring or constipated. We refer you to Jas. Munn, J. H. Burgess, F. M. Pratt, J. N. Hill, James Geddes, Henry Yokish and others, all of Macon County who have effected cures and highly recommend the remedy to to general use. For sale by A. C. Douglass & Co., T. Hildebrant and A. J. Stoner, Druggists, Decatur, and by the drug trade generally throughout the country.

DIED.

In Long Creek township on Sunday, Oct. 21, AGNES, wife of Philip Corman, aged 62 yrs., 6 mos and 17 days.

Try the Crystal Spectacles, sold only by Otto E. Curtis. 22d3w1

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

The Weekly Republican.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1877.

Do the people generally know that they will be called upon to vote, at the November election, upon the proposition to appropriate over half a million dollars for the completion of the new state house? It is undeniably true that the state house ought to be finished, but is it the part of wisdom to lay any more burdens upon the people just now than the most absolute necessity requires? The state house commissioners have trifled with the people and abused their confidence, and the taxpayers have learned by sad experience that the promises made by these palace builders are not to be relied upon. They said, in 1875, that the amount of money specified in the constitution, beyond which the legislature could not go without submitting the question to the people, was amply sufficient to complete the building, but as soon as they had it in their fingers they changed the plans and made another appropriation necessary. They ought not to be allowed to squander any more of the people's money, and if they had the interests of the state at heart they would resign their places and give the governor a chance to appoint in their stead men in whom the people have a greater degree of confidence. The citizens of Springfield are very anxious to have the capitol completed, as is very natural, but they seem to forget that the great obstacle in the way is the suspicion with which the masses of the people over the state look upon Mr. Jacob Bunn and his fellow commissioners. If the people of the capital city are honest about the matter they should have insisted upon the resignation or removal of the commissioners six months ago. If that had been done, and the people of Springfield had, in addition, come manfully up to the terms of the bond they entered into in 1871, instead of trying to crawfish out of it, there would have been more hope for the proposed appropriation.

THE publishers of the REPUBLICAN have always been ready to publish notices for churches, schools and societies without charge, but they have never felt authorized to insert such notices when the only evidence they had of the desire of anybody to have them published was the "city papers please copy" of some other newspaper. If our columns are worth anything as a means of reaching the public they are certainly worth the courtesy of asking for, and anybody who does not regard them of sufficient value to justify that small outlay might save breath by not making any fuss about it. While on this subject it might be well enough to remark that newspapers of respectable character never publish communications or notices that are unaccompanied by some respectable person's guaranty as to good faith, etc. This is a necessary protection to the publisher, and there is yet fresh in the public mind a recollection of the ridiculousness and puerility manifested by the riotous strikers last July, who issued manifestos, conducted railroads, closed factories and set up local governments "by order of the committee." When the pinch came it was always next to impossible to prove who constituted "the committee." Like "Many citizens," the "committee" generally proves to be a myth, and the experienced newspaper publisher likes to have some more tangible person as authority for what he publishes.

THE number of business failures in this country thus far this year shows a large decrease, as compared with those for the corresponding time last year. Last year there were 7,950 failures, with $156,268,800 liabilities; this year there have been 6,565 failures, with $141,952,256 liabilities. And, what is still more encouraging, the number of failures has been continually growing less as the present year has advanced, and the New York Mercantile Agency, which furnishes these statistics remarks:

Taken in connection with the improved business in merchandise which the autumn months have just witnessed, and the certainty that a great crop of produce is now being marketed at good prices, the hope may be entertained that the worst of the effects of the depression have been seen.

AN examination of the list of persons sworn in as members of the House of Representatives on Tuesday shows that seventy-one of them were compelled to take the modified oath, having been connected with the rebel service. This is an increase of ten ex-Confederates over the number in the last House of Representatives.

LANGUAGE PROPER.

We dislike to spoil a good story, but when the Springfield *Register* in commenting upon a paragraph from our columns, alludes to the Decatur REPUBLICAN as "a paper published under the immediate inspection of Dick Oglesby," we must beg leave to correct the false impression that might thereby be created. The Decatur REPUBLICAN is not "published under the immediate inspection of Dick Oglesby." The only article ever written or dictated by him for our columns, and the only one ever "inspected" by him before its publication, was a four line communication over his signature, which appeared in our issue of July 16, 1873, upon the subject of "Wet Nurses." It was an able article, however, and attracted a great deal of attention. President Grant, we understand, frequently alluded to the article when conversing with visitors from Illinois, and passed high compliments upon the distinguished author, who, to our great regret, concluded his contributions to our paper with that brief but pointed article.

MACMAHON, though beaten by the French republicans, does not propose to resign the presidency.

WE'VE lost Ohio, but carried France, by an overwhelming majority, says a republican who is disposed to make the best of everything.

ROBERT T. LINCOLN, of Chicago, son of Abraham Lincoln, has declined the tendered appointment of Third Assistant Secretary of State.

GRANT is so well pleased with his experiences as a tourist that he does not intend to return to America until December of next year.

TWEED swore yesterday, before the aldermanic committee, that he was not at present the owner of any money or property of any kind whatever from which $5,000 could be realized.

THE centennial anniversary of the surrender of Burgoyne was celebrated yesterday at Schuylerville, N. Y. A poem was read, and addresses were delivered by Hon. Horatio Seymour and George William Curtis.

THE Sheffield (England) *Daily Telegraph* of Sept. 29, devotes nearly the whole of its editorial page to General Grant and American affairs. The articles are highly complimentary to Gen. Grant, and show that he has captured the business and working world of England even more completely than he did the titled aristocracy of London.

WE are receiving new subscribers to the Daily REPUBLICAN every day. In spite of the hard times, and notwithstanding the depression in all kinds of business, the REPUBLICAN never enjoyed a more satisfactory patronage than it does now.

INGENIOUS Mayor Moore, of Cincinnati, has conceived the idea of having a grand jubilee in that city in 1878. He proposes to ask the government for 20,000 tents, and have 200,000 Union and Confederate soldiers camp out near the city for an entire week.

GEN. GRANT says that accepting hospitalities in Europe is taxing his health, and that he shall insist upon being a private traveler from now on. He will soon proceed to Italy. He will be ready to return home in about a year.

THE result of local self government is becoming very apparent in Virginia. That state has not been under republican rule since the removal of the military governor, in 1866. Since then the the democrats have accumulated a state debt of $60,000,000, $25,000,000 of which they have just repudiated. The democrats do not appear to have done very much better in keeping out of debt than the carpet-baggers.

HOW THEY TALK IN MOULTRIE.

The following appeared in the Sullivan *Progress* last week.

The democrats in every county are organizing for success. The propose to carry the state next fall, and they can do it by proper exertion, thereby laying Oglesby on the shelf, and electing a democrat to the United States senate from Illinois. Democrats, the long night is nearly over, and the dawn of a better era is approaching. Let every man who believes in the good, old simple form of democratic government, stand to his post. Victory is nigh. Let no man wander after false gods.

SOME RADISH.—Our old friend Dayton Dunham has placed on our table two immense radishes from his garden, the largest weighing 3 lbs. 8 oz. They are not mere hollow shells, either, but are solid clear through, and as tender and crisp as though grown in the early summer.

DECATUR REFORM CLUB.

Notice is hereby given to the generous public of Decatur and vicinity, that the Decatur Reform Club is an established fact, but as yet wants financially. They have rented a desirable hall and wish to fix it up at once in a neat and comfortable manner. But they are in need of funds for the numerous incidental expenses of the club.

For this purpose the following Soliciting Committee have been appointed by the Executive Committee for the purpose above mentioned. Any person desiring to contribute anything to the club in the way of money or any needed article, will please hand their contributions to any of the following Soliciting Committee:

John A. Arnold, Ch'm., Peter Williams, N. L. F. Monroe, Jos. Winebrenner and M. P. Murphey.

By order, Ex. Com.

MUD.—Illinois is celebrated for many things, but for nothing more than for its muddy roads in a wet time. Especially is this true of a belt, one hundred miles or more wide in the centre, extending from the eastern to the western limit. This of course, includes Macon county, and it is safe to say that during five months in the year, the roads running in all directions from Decatur are nearly impassable for loaded teams.

A paragraph from the Bloomington *Pantagraph* shows that the same state of affairs exists there. At the present time, on account of the late heavy rains there as here, mud on the country roads is hub deep, in consequence of which business in town is at a stand still. Under these circumstances it becomes an interesting question to every man in Macon county whether or not any plan can be invented to give one good solid road leading out from Decatur to the limits of the county in the direction of the four cardinal points of the compass. The matter is worthy of consideration and the direction of thought to it and the discussion of the question may in time bring forth some plan that would give roads leading from the county seat in the four directions indicated above, which would be passable at all seasons of the year, and these through farms could be reached from intervening places by going over a comparatively short distance of muddy road. Let road-builders set their heads to work over the matter and see if they can devise a plan for giving better roads to the county. With good roads Macon county is the garden of Illinois.

THE BROOM FACTORY.—This establishment, which now employs 105 hands, is running steadily, having a good supply of new flax straw on hand. The new crop proves to be of excellent quality and works up well. The following will show the daily product of the factory in yards from Oct. 8th to Oct. 18th inclusive,

October	8	4,085 yards
"	9	4,066 "
"	10	4,008 "
"	11	4,199 "
"	12	4,203 "
"	13	3,791 "
"	15	3,400 "
"	16	4,514 "
"	17	[illegible] "
"	18	3,196 "
"	19	5,144 "

From Saturday's Daily.

TEMPERANCE MEETING IN THE COUNTRY.—As bad as the weather was last night there was a good gathering at the Bethlehem church that evening in the interest of the temperance cause. The meeting was presided over by L. P. Stickel, and George Conrard was secretary. The meeting was addressed by J. B. McDonald and J. A. Arnold of this city, the former occupying nearly an hour and the latter about thirty minutes. Brief remarks were also made by Wm. Deaking and J. M. Dawson. A large portion of those present had previously signed the pledge either here or at Elwin and Macon, and after the speaking new names were added to the pledge. Another meeting will be held at the same place on Tuesday evening, Oct. 30.

BUSINESS CHANGING HANDS.—Mr. H. Burkholder, late of Burlington, Iowa, now of this city, has bought the grocery stock of Mr. L. B. Lillingwell, on East Main street, and will take possession as soon as an invoice can be completed.

From Friday's Daily.

EXCITEMENT AT THE PARK.—Last evening occurred an incident in the vicinity of the park, which for a few moments threatened to result disastrously to one of our prominent and highly respected citizens. As Dr. Ira N. Barnes was driving along North Water street in an open buggy, when in front of Fenton's clothing store his horse took fright and started to run. The Doctor at once drew vigorously upon the reins to check the speed of the frightened animal, when something about the guiding gear of the harness gave way on one side, by which means the horse was pulled in the direction of the park, and into that enclosure. When the buggy struck the stone curbing the concussion threw the Doctor out upon the grass, where he fell in such a manner as to escape serious injury. The animal, still more frightened, then dashed on until the buggy struck a tree, which broke the harness and let the horse free. He then cavorted wildly about for a few moments, until he was finally captured by persons who had been drawn there by the occurrence. Great alarm was felt for the Doctor's safety until he was thrown from the carriage and it was known that he was comparatively unhurt. The horse escaped any serious injury, but the buggy was considerably damaged, as was also the harness. The Doctor's escape from serious injuries was indeed almost miraculous.

THE ASSESSMENT CASE.

Yesterday was commenced in the county court a case of considerable importance, and as it is one in which citizens generally feel an interest, we will state it as we understand it. Something like a year ago or more the subject of graveling North Water street began to be agitated, and a petition from a portion of the residents along the route of the proposed improvement was presented to the city council asking that the work might be done forthwith, while another portion of the residents on the street declined to sign the petition asking for the improvement in question. Upon due consideration the council voted to proceed with the work, and arranged for raising the necessary funds to carry it through. Upon the completion of the improvements the council voted to assume one-half of the expense incurred and to assess the other half upon property along the route. This action of the city council was acceptable to those who had petitioned for the graveling of the street, while a part of those who did not sign objected to the assessment. The case comes into court in the form of a petition from the city for a judgment confirming the assessment, while those who are dissatisfied with the assessment appear for the purpose of having it set aside, or modified.

City attorney Buckingham appears for the city, and Hon. A. B. Bunn for the contestants.

The case was called yesterday forenoon and most of the balance of the day was spent in getting a jury to try the case, though the panel was full in time for the statement of the case by the attorneys, and the examination of a witness or two.

The case was resumed this morning and may be finished today. It will be the province of the jury to confirm the assessment as provided by the city council, or to modify it as their opinions may dictate. The verdict is awaited with much interest.

From Saturday's Daily.

THE TEA MEETING AT JANES CHAPEL.

Last evening culminated the labor of several days of preparation, in the shape of a grand tea meeting at Janes Chapel. At an early hour the church was brilliantly illuminated, displaying tables on either side of the room, which were laden with choice viands of almost every description, and were tastefully arranged under the direction of the ladies of the society.

At an early hour the people flocked to gather, and accordingly to previous arrangements the tables were filled by those who first arrived, and then by others as they came in. After eating supper those who chose to do so retired, while others remained to spend an hour in social chat. No pains were spared on the part of those having the matter in charge, to make the occasion agreeable to their guests in every way. Upon the tables besides the abundant supply of cold meats, choice bread and delicious cake with tea and coffee there were beautiful bouquets to please the eye while the inner man was feasted.

During the evening guests were coming and going and by half past ten all had refreshed themselves with the good things provided. Financially, socially and every other way the affair was a success and reflected much credit upon the managers. Rev. J. M. Eccles, the pastor, and his lady and the members of the congregation generally, contributed much to the success by their presence in attendance.

The young Mr. Aldrich Lehman, in behalf of the ladies of the society, left at the REPUBLICAN office samples of the choice cake which adorned the tables last evening. Long may the Janes Chapel live to do good.

THE following are the provisions of the act of the Legislature for submitting to a vote of the people of this state, at the coming November county elections, the proposition for an appropriation for the completion and furnishing of the new State Capitol edifice at Springfield.

SEC. 2. At the next general election to be held in this State on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, A. D. 187 , the question shall be submitted to the legal voters of this State whether or not they are in favor of the appropriation, as provided in sec one (1) of this act. In the notices for election required to be furnished by the County Clerk in section forty-six (46), chapter forty-six (46), elections, of the Revised Statutes of 1874, in addition to the several offices to be filled he will also insert the words, "Also to vote for the appropriation for the State House, or against appropriation for the State House." Those in favor of such appropriation shall have written or printed or partly written and partly printed on their ballots "For the $531,712.18 appropriation," those opposed "Against the $531,712.18 appropriation."

SEC. 3. It shall be the duty of the judges of election, in making a canvass and return of the votes cast at such election to the County Clerk, in addition to the returns for the several officers voted for, to certify to the whole number of the votes cast in such election precinct or district at such election, also to certify to the whole number of votes cast in favor of such appropriation, which returns when so made to the County Clerk shall be abstracted by the proper officers and forwarded directed to the Secretary of State, within the time and the manner as now required by law, in the case of votes cast for Representatives to the General Assembly.

CHICAGO, ILL., OCT. 19.—A well-to-do Irishman named Miles Klynch, who keeps a grocery store on the corner of Catherine and Union streets, in this city, received more congratulations than any man in America to-day. His house is crowded with friends, and they are having a jolly time of it. Miles married Mrs. Klynch six years ago, and she has since presented him with eleven children, or equal to two and one-sixth per annum. Four times she has become the mother of twins, and yesterday evening she surprised her husband by giving birth to triplets. The children are fine, healthy babies, and are doing well.

JOS. MICHL,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

CIGARS, TOBACCO,

PIPES, SNUFF, ETC.,

NO. 12 WATER STREET,

DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

Manufacturer of the "El Boquet," "Belle of the West," "NILSSON" and "SELECT" Brands of Cigars.

Having an experience of Thirty Years in the Cigar Business, retailers will find it to their interest to examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere. July 19-1y

"BROADLANDS"

Champaign County, Illinois.

Improved Farms FOR SALE

Farms for sale in tracts of Eighty Acres or more.

Ten per cent. cash, balance long time at Eight per cent. interest.

One thousand settlers now on "Broadlands."

School Houses and Churches on the Farm.

Like contracted south of Wabash Railway and five miles north of Indianapolis, Decatur & Springfield Railroad.

The best opportunity for men of moderate means to buy a farm in the State of Illinois.

A personal examination desired.

Also Farms to rent to good tenants.

M. N. RAYNOR, Agent, Homer, Illinois.

M. E. ATKINS & CO., Agts., Decatur, Ill.

DO NOT MORTGAGE YOUR FARM

Until you have decided upon and immediate advantages we can offer you over other parties.

INTEREST AT 8 PER CENT.

Are we ready to loan interest will Principal payable at our BANKING HOUSE.

Peddicord & Burrows, BANKERS, Decatur, Illinois.

DON'T WEAR YOUR HANDS OUT, USE HALL'S PATENT HUSKING GLOVES

Made Better than Ever Before.

Men's Full Husking Gloves, per pair	$2 00
Boys' "	1 75
Half "	1 00
Single Point Husking Pins, 150 each, 4 for	50
Double " "	50

Sent by mail, prepaid, on receipt of price, to any address. Ask your merchant for them, or address HALL HUSKING GLOVE CO., 145 South Clinton street, Chicago, Illinois.

Bryant's "New Improved" Rose's Patent Adjustable Stencil Letters are taking the place of all others. They can be formed into Solid Plates or used as Single Letters. REDUCED IN PRICE. Everybody will buy them. Can be sent by mail. Inkwood Brushes and everything in Stencil stock. Sole manufacturer of the wonderful "BLONDIN GYROSCOPE," and 50 other Agents' fast selling articles. "Fortune Chart" etc. Gyroscopes mailed for 25 cts. Sample Chart, 25 cts. Send postal card for full particulars. N. B.—I have arrangements made and can furnish promptly any article wanted by agents or consumers, of American or Foreign make.

S. C. BRYANT, Sole Mfr., 103 Washington-st, Chicago.

Sep20-w4w

OPIUM and Morphine habit absolutely and speedily cured. Painless; no publicity. Send stamp for particulars. Dr. Carleton, 167 Washington st., Chicago, Ill.

FOR SALE.

A THOROUGHBRED SHORT HORN YEARLING BULL,

Of a Deep Red Color and well made. Pedigree all right. Call on or address

DANIEL STOOKEY, Harristown, Ills.

Sep27-w1m*

M. A. MYER,

HOUSE, SIGN AND FRESCO PAINTER!

GLAZIER,

GRAINER AND PAPER HANGER.

Thankful for past favors, a continuance of the patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. Shop over Quinlan & Bro's Carpet Store, East Main Street, Decatur, Illinois.

Mar17'70-1y

LUMBER

ELWOOD & CO.

Are still in the lead in the Lumber Trade in Decatur, and will keep the lead by keeping the best stock of

Flooring, Siding,

FINISHING LUMBER,

Lath, Sash, Doors

AND A FULL LINE OF

BUILDING LUMBER,

Fencing, Posts,

and everything usually kept in a first class Lumber Yard. We possess extraordinary facilities, one of the firm devoting his entire time to the manufacture and purchasing of Lumber at Louisville, Shelbyville, Shelby City, etc., thus giving a first class wholesale dealer's profit. Having a first class

PLANING MILL

We are prepared to manufacture all kinds of

Dressed Lumber

ELWOOD & CO.

EQUITABLE TRUST CO.!

MONEY TO LOAN

At 8 Per Cent.

IN SUMS OF $1,000

Or upwards, for Five Years. Commissions, Three per cent. [illegible]

June 27-w1y Decatur, Illinois.

J. MILLIKEN & CO.

BANKERS

DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED,

LOANS NEGOTIATED,

Drafts For Sale on all the Principal Cities And on Dublin, Ireland, Cork, Belfast, Ireland, Glasgow, Scotland.

Interest Allowed on Time Deposits.

Banking Hours 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

May 17-1y

CANADIAN OIL

UNRIVALLED IN STRENGTH

SPEEDY & SURE CURE FOR MAN AND BEAST!

FOR MAN: Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lame Back, Stiffness, Bruises, Cuts, Burns, Frost Bites, Chilblains, Corns, Diphtheria, Croup, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Spinal Complaints, Kidney Complaints, Female Complaints, Lame Back, Brain Diseases, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Dysentery, Diarrhoea, Cholera Morbus, Colic, Cramps, Spasms, Sore Throat, Quinsy, Diphtheria, Croup, Toothache, Face Ache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Burns, Scalds, Bruises and Sprains.

FOR BEAST: Spavin, Ringbone, Sweeny, Strains, Lameness, Galls, Wounds, Sore Throat, Colic, Cuts, Burns, Scalds, Bruises, Sore Breast, Garget in Cows, Stiffness, Rheumatism, Curbs, Splints, Sweeney, Spring Halt, Screw Worms, Foot Rot in Sheep, Distemper, Lung Fever, Pneumonia, Pleurisy, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Colic, Spasms, Founder, Inflammation, Poll Evil, Fistula, Worms in Horses, Hoven in Cattle, Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, Loss of Appetite, Wind Galls, Scratches, Mange, Foot Ache, Diseases of the Feet and Legment, Diseases of the Kidneys and Urinary Organs, Diseases of the Skin, Diseases of the Heart, Diseases of the Liver, Diseases of the Stomach, Diseases of the Bowels, Diseases of the Blood, Diseases of the Nerves, Diseases of the Brain, Diseases of the Eyes, Diseases of the Ears, Diseases of the Nose, Diseases of the Mouth, Diseases of the Teeth, Diseases of the Hair, Diseases of the Skin, Diseases of the Nails, Diseases of the Hands, Diseases of the Feet, Diseases of the Legs, Diseases of the Arms, Diseases of the Shoulders, Diseases of the Back, Diseases of the Chest, Diseases of the Abdomen, Diseases of the Bowels, Diseases of the Stomach, Diseases of the Liver, Diseases of the Kidneys, Diseases of the Urinary Organs, Diseases of the Heart, Diseases of the Lungs, Diseases of the Throat

$10,000 WORTH OF NEW

FALL CLOTHING

For Men's, Youths', Boys' and Children's wear, just received and in stock at

B. STINE'S

CLOTHING STORE,

Central Block, Old Square, Decatur.

We wish to impress it upon the public, who so liberally patronized us in the last ten years of our business, that the above stock of Clothing,

Gents' Furnishing Goods,

HATS AND CAPS

Trunks and Valises

Is bought for cash, at less than market prices, and will be sold at the very Lowest Bottom Figures, for cash only—no old shop worn shoddy goods, but an entire new, well-selected stock of the most durable clothing, consisting of the latest patterns and designs, trimmed in the very best and most durable style, and last, but not least, we guarantee to our customers a better fitting suit, with better trimmings, for less money than any other house in Decatur, and as low as can be got anywhere in the United States. As specialties we offer the

Best Brands Jeans Pants

In various colors, well adapted for working men, and guaranteed to wear like iron.

WHITE DRESS SHIRTS,

Ward's Linen Bosom Collars, amongst which we sell B. Stine's Ten Cent Collar, linen faced, at ten cents per box. A FINE ASSORTMENT OF CHILDREN'S SUITS, from the age of four years running up to youth's sizes. The ladies will find it to their interest to look through our Children's Department, saving time and money by purchasing our Ready-made Suits, which cannot be surpassed in fit and durability, for less than the material can be bought for. No misrepresentations. Fair dealing to everybody.

B. STINE, THE CLOTHIER.

Central Block, Old Square, Decatur, Ills.

Aug29'77-wtf

GREENBACKS! GREENBACKS!

BOOTS & SHOES

AT THE

"GLOBE."

WHERE YOU WILL FIND THE BEST SELECTION IN THE CITY AT PRICES THAT THE TIMES DEMAND FOR CASH.

Second Shoe Store West of Postoffice

May9'77-wtf DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

KEYSTONE CARRIAGE WORKS!

WAYNE BROS.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, OMNIBUSES

PEDDLING AND SPRING WAGONS.

OLD STAND OF DAN'L CAHMAN,

Cor. Water and Cerro Gordo Streets.

Platform Carriages built to order, Pony Phaetons, Prince Alberts, Piano and Coal Box Buggies, Sulky and Light Road Wagons, of all kinds. Always up to the times, and guarantee all work to be first-class. All kinds of

SLEIGHS MADE TO ORDER!

FANCY PAINTING A SPECIALTY.

Nov11'76&wtf

CARPETS!

BRUSSELS CARPETS!

Sixty-Seven Pieces—Choice Styles. Also a choice line of

INGRAIN CARPETS

New Stock of Two and Three-Ply Carpets, all at Low Prices.

ABEL & LOCKE,

NO. 2 EAST MAIN ST., DECATUR, ILL.

N. B.—Liberal deductions to ministers and churches. May9-tf

Administrator's Sale.

BY VIRTUE of an order and decree of the County Court of Macon County, Illinois, made on the petition of the undersigned, Administrator of the estate of Laura Emerson, deceased, for leave to sell the real estate of said deceased, at the last December term of said court, we will, on the first day of December, A. D. 1876, I shall on

Saturday, October 27, 1877,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, sell at public sale at the west outside door of the Court House, in the city of Decatur, in said county, the interest of said deceased in and to the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in said Macon county, to-wit: [illegible] quarter of the northwest quarter of section twenty-two (22), [illegible] west quarter of section [illegible] half of the southeast quarter [illegible] town (16); and the southwest quarter [illegible] northeast quarter of section six [illegible] and the southeast quarter [illegible] west quarter of section seven [illegible] township sixteen [illegible] east of the third principal meridian, [illegible] acres thereof as shall be necessary to pay debts of said estate, the [illegible] and the proceedings connected with said sale. Sale to be made for one-third cash, one-third in six months and one-third in twelve months from day of sale, the deferred payments to bear interest at ten per cent per annum, and be secured by good personal security and mortgage upon the premises sold.

B. O. McREYNOLDS,

Adm'r Estate of Laura Emerson, deceased.

Sept27'77-wtd

CATARRH.

Sure Relief. Book for 3 cents, stamp enclosed. Dr. C. H. Ward, 169 E. Madison St., Chicago, Ill.

R. A. SIRE

QUEEN OF BEAUTY.

THE GREAT PARISIAN CHARM.

This great beautifier, that is indispensible to the theatrical star or city belle's toilet in Paris, will now be sold [illegible] in New York [illegible] When the complexion fades, the whole [illegible]ession is that of advancing age, it is the [illegible] feature to mark the step of time, and [illegible] be the most carefully treated. Therefore [illegible] of all should be to preserve [illegible]thful appearance, and this [illegible] by Dr. Earldon, who is an [illegible]ist, [illegible] has long sought the medical kingdom for [illegible] adapted to the restoration and preservation of the complexion. It [illegible] whiteness and [illegible] whiteness, and with constant use for a short time, removes all sallowness, pimples, premature wrinkles, and all blemishes, leaving a pure, white complexion. All parties wishing to try this great charm, will receive further particulars by addressing with stamp. Large size [illegible] $2.50 per box, $1.50 small, $1.00. Where this package is for sale [illegible] stamp, [illegible] return.

Address D. L. O'LANDAR,

[illegible] West Indiana street, Chicago, Illinois.

Oct4w1m

HENRY MEIGGS.

Henry Meiggs, the Peruvian Railroad Prince, died at Lima on the 29th ult. In his taking off, the world of romantic financial endeavor loses a hero whose record is unparalleled in the history of business effort. His life was one of glittering successes, dazzling failures, brilliant frauds, and reckless extravagance. In his character he was an anomaly. Thoroughly lacking in principle when his interests were at stake, he was at the same time honest. A close, shrewd calculator in his every action, he was also a prodigal. Destitute of any moral nature, he became a god through his lavish generosity. With all the instincts of a hard-working man, his preferences were for the everyday life of a king. Voluptuous in his tastes, he courted hardships for the pleasure he found in them. In him all extremes centered.

Born in Greene county, N. Y., in 1811, he in early life developed a facility for conceiving and executing plans involving heavy monetary interests.—The shallow streams of trade had no allurements for him. It was in the broader sea that he found water to float his gigantic schemes. Embarking in the lumber business, he matured arrangements that soon had placed him at the head of that interest, but for the crash of 1837, which laid the fabric of his early fortunes in ruin. He turned his eye upon California, and was pleased. In July, 1849, he landed at San Francisco with a shipload of lumber.—His profit on his cargo was $50,000. His profits in experience were millions. Taking a subordinate position in a lumber yard, he studied the situation. San Francisco needed lumber. Contra Costa county would furnish it. He hired 500 men, and cleared $500,000. California bowed before him, made him her model in politics and in society. When the crisis of 1854 passed over, his worshippers found him to be a forger and an exile. He might have saved himself, but in trying to save his friends he committed crimes that drove him from the country, but he had paid every personal debt he owed.

The next news of him reported him as superintendent of bridges on the Valparaiso & Santiago railroad in Chili, a road that had ruined every contractor that touched it. There were but thirty-three miles to finish, and they were through solid rock. For $12,000,000 he filled the air with earth and stones, and in two years the road was finished. The highest honors were crowded upon him, and the Chilenos made an idol of him. Peru sought him, and he laid railroad lines through swamps, and mountains, and storms, and earthquakes. His successes were scarcely commensurate with his prodigal style of living.—The entertainment he gave on the completion of one road cost upwards of $200,000 in gold. He chartered steamships and extended roads to convey his guests to the banquet. The nabobs of the Republic looked upon his expensive habits with wonder. His wealth was unknown, but along the western coast of South America he was called Monte Christo, and he put the same energy into his work that Edmond Dantes put into his vengeance. His residence was the finest in Peru, and his table for guests, however unexpected and however numerous, was ever ready.

Around Lima was a dilapidated adobe wall, and beyond the wall a weary prairie of refuse. For an interest in the redeemed land he made the waste a flower garden. The staple product of the Republic had been revolutions.—Evolution in office depended upon the financial condition of the "outs." When their treasury was ruined they routed the "ins," who retaliated when they had expended their steslings. A stable government was necessary to Meiggs' schemes. When the "outs" were impoverished he gave them what they wanted from his own means, and they left the government intact. He inaugurated a system of bribery that paralyzed all opposition. A dangerous man was to him a merchantable article.—When the combination became too strong for him he bought the government.

By expending fortunes he secured contracts for building 1,007 miles of roads, for which he was to receive $126,000,000. These roads all led to his financial Waterloo.

For the first time he had miscalculated. They proved failures, and, having absorbed the contract price, forced him upon the market for money. His enemies seized upon the advantage offered, and refused to accept his bills, which became a drug. He bought the government indorsement and staggered on.—His bonds fell on the foreign Bourses, and finally became valueless. The combination formed against him struck blow after blow at his credit. Two strokes of paralysis had weakened him, and a third found him shattered and broken. Exposures of his frauds came thick and fast. His creditors were clamorous, and the poorer were paid to the utmost farthing. It was plain to him that his fortunes had fallen beyond retrieving, and he turned away from the cares and troubles of a life remarkable for its incongruities, its pleasures and anxieties.

He left Peru almost a bankrupt through schemes urged upon her as her salvation. His death has created a financial revolution whose effects will be felt after his rails have rusted and his ties rotted away. In his life he taught a peculiar lesson of sagacity, without moral balance; of generosity, without an element of justice; of magnificent frauds built upon a foundation of fair dealing between men.

CONSTRUCTION OF CORN CRIBS.

O. S. Temple writes to Colman's *Rural World*: If you will do this you will have less musty and spoiled corn. Thousands of bushels of corn are yearly spoiled for the want of proper ventilation. In the first place very few cribs are built as cribs should be. It is generally the practice to make the floors level, and when the crib is filled with corn nine-tenths of them will sag in middle, and when we have our heavy fall and spring rains the water that is driven into the sides of the crib will flow to the centre, and the warm weathr will start the corn to musting and rotting.

But how shall we make our cribs so as to save our corn nice, bright and sweet? Here is my plan: Raise the centre of the floor in your crib from eight to twelve inches, so that whatever water the crib may take in, in a driving rain-storm, will be compelled to run out right away. Take inch-lumber, six inches wide, and make a ventilating pipe or box by nailing four of them together, and place as many in the centre of the crib at from four to eight feet apart, according to the width of your crib. Let the ad of your ventilating pipe go down through the floor and also up through the roof of your crib, with rat and mice protectors on the bottom and a storm protector on the top. Use an inch or three-quarter auger or bit to bore plenty of holes in your ventilator, so that the air will have free circulation through the centre of your corn in the crib, and you will have no trouble in saving your corn in good condition.

COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

EDS. REPUBLICAN:—At the present time, when Congress is in session and general politics is engrossing so much of our attention, we are apt to overlook all other interests. The candidates selected by both parties for County Superintendent of Schools are both good men—both are amply qualified to fill the office with credit to themselves and to the county, and in this particular there is little choice; but we are all aware of the annoyance and vexation occasioned by having a superintendent located outside of the city of Decatur. The salary of the office is not sufficient to justify any one in making great personal sacrifices either to obtain the office or to place himself where he can be most convenient to the public who may wish to consult him in matters pertaining to the school interest. The State fixes the amount he shall receive per day for his services, and the county authorities fix the number of days he shall be allowed to receive pay for. This county allows him 100 days per annum and no more.

Now no one can ask or even wish the superintendent, when not officially engaged, to leave his home (when he resides outside of Decatur) for the accommodation of the public. The experience of the past four years ought to be sufficient to induce the public to look to their own interests in this matter.

X.

MACON, Oct. 17.

It has been demonstrated beyond the possibility of a doubt that the manufacture of cotton goods in the South can be made more profitable than in the North, and although the Southern people were a long time finding it out, they have at length learned the important secret, and are taking advantage of it. Already the cotton fabrics manufactured in Georgia have made their mark. In our principal Northern markets some of them have entirely superseded those of the same class. They are not only said to be superior in quality but cheaper in price, and of course command a ready sale. But Georgia is not to be permitted to hold a monopoly of Southern manufactures. Mississippi desires to participate, and to this end a complete outfit for a large cotton mill has just been shipped to Natchez where it will soon be put in place and operation.—*Philadelphia Star.*

Gen. Howard says he is right on the heels of the Indians. There is nothing very cheering about this, however. We have seen a man right on the heels of a mule, but he didn't seem to be getting much the better of the mule.—*Burlington Hawkeye.*

HOW IT IS DONE.

The first object in life with the American people is to "get rich;" the second, how to regain good health. The first can be obtained by energy, honesty and saving; the second, (good health,) by using GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER. Should you be a despondent sufferer from any of the effects of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Indigestion, &c., such as Sick Headache, Palpitation of the Heart, Sour Stomach, Habitual Costiveness, Dizziness of the Head, Nervous Prostration, Low Spirits, &c., you need not suffer another day!—Two doses of AUGUST FLOWER will relieve you at once. Sample bottles 10 cts. Regular size 75 cents. Positively sold by all first-class druggists in the U. S., and by A. J. Stoner, B. F. Gue & Son and Theo. Hildebrandt.

Oct. 11—d&wly

Ladies' Cloaks—very cheap; also Children's Circulars, at GOLDBURG'S.

Oct. 11—d&wtf

Ladies' and Children's Patent Comfort Corset, and other styles in French and domestic, for sale at M. Goldburg's.

Oct 15 d&w

A Full Assortment of ladies' side lace kid and goat shoes—very cheap—at

Oct. 10—d&wtf BARBER & BAKER'S.

400 New Cloaks, elegant and cheap, just received at LINN & SCRUGGS'.

Sept. 27—d&wtf

NOW THE SENATORS LOOKED.

The Washington correspondent of the New York *Tribune* sketches the appearance of the senators at the opening session: Mr. Blaine looked remarkably well to-day, better than he has looked since the spring of 1876. Mr. Conkling, impassive, and haughty as ever, seemed in good condition for the session's work. Mr. Ferry showed traces of his recent severe illness. The two veterans of the senate in length of service, Mr. Anthony and Mr. Hamlin, did not look a day older. Mr. Edmunds resembled, if possible, more strikingly than ever, the well-known picture of St. Jerome. Gen. Burnside and Gen. Gordon had lost not a whit of their grand military air. Mr. Thurman seemed not to have got over feeling good about the Ohio election, so genial was his usually serious face. There were bouquets and baskets of flowers on several of the desks, the gifts, no doubt, of lady friends of the fortunate recipients. Of course Mr. Conkling was thus favored, and Mr. Blaine, and Mr. Dawes, and Mr. Ferry. Nor was any one surprised to see the floral decorations on the desks of General Ransom, Mr. Booth, General Gordon and Mr. Windom; but it looked a little strange to see the solemn face of Mr. Teller peering over the top of a big bouquet. All the senators save three were attired in black. The exceptional toilets were the dark gray suits of Mr. Maxey and Mr. Edmunds, and the new tweed garments of indescribable color worn by Mr. Ingalls.

The Failures of 1877.

The report of Dun, Barlow, & Co. for the past nine months shows that during that period there were 6,565 failures in the United States, involving liabilities amounting to $141,952,256; for the first quarter the liabilities amounted to $54,538,074; for the second, $45,068,097, and for the third, $42,346,085. The failures for the first three quarters of the preceding two years compare as follows: 1875—failures, 5,334; liabilities, $131,172,503; 1876—failures, 7,050; liabilities, $156,272,800.

THE Washington *Capital*, edited by Donn Piatt, a roaring democrat, thus describes Sam Randall, the new democratic speaker of the house of representatives:

His congressional career is a history of votes in behalf of Pennsylvania jobs, and a record of speeches that degrade politics to the level of the sample room. If the honorable speaker ever uttered a sentence containing an original thought or patriotic sentiment, such sentence has escaped us. If he ever introduced a measure above League Island or a navy yard, the country does not know of it. His aggressive mediocrity is offensive as his ignorance is profound. The South, recovered from the timidity that made every move a danger, demands her share of public plunder that only such a speaker could secure. The lobby, hungry, eager, and bold, reassembles to organize again, that it may see once more the gavel of the speaker made the hammer of an auctioneer, knocking down all a free people hold precious. The caucus has killed reform, and through all the sample rooms, restaurants, and hotels, the corruptionists hold high carnival.

ELECTRIC FLASHES.

The Oswego Falls' woolen mills, Oswego, New York, partially burned, Friday. Loss $100,000; fully insured.

A. Reading, Pa., dispatch says the jury has declared six of the seven July rioters "not guilty." The seventh, George Goodhard, was found guilty of exciting to riot.

General Sherman and party arrived at St. Louis, Thursday night, from their western tour, in fine health and spirits. They leave for Washington to-day.

WE observe that Francis Murphy is in Ohio. This is opportune. Cheap whisky by the drink will take the place of milk for some time to come in Ohio. It has been a long time since the Democracy have had an opportunity to celebrate so grand a victory with their natural fluid. And it may be long before it will occur again.—*Inter Ocean.*

IT has been feared that a heavy frost in Florida, last winter, had so injured the orange trees that they would not bear well this fall. These fears have proved groundless; there will be a larger crop than ever before.

MIGHTY, indeed, is the peanut crop. In the years 1876-77 the state of North Carolina produced 125,000 bushels of peanuts; Virginia, 780,000 bushels, and Tennessee, 500,000 bushels. The United States can "point with pride" to the fact that in the last four years, within their borders, 3,320,000 bushels of peanuts were harvested.

ALL the pension agents in the country have been summoned to Washington, to consult as to the best and most expeditious manner of conducting the business of the pension department.

THE Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad Company has settled with the heirs of sixty-five out of the eighty-one persons who lost their lives in the Ashtabula Bridge disaster. The largest amount paid in any one case is $9,000, and the claims have generally been under $5,000.

Mr. Hewitt is detained in Paris by the illness of his wife, who is getting better rapidly.

WHAT THEY SAY OF US.

[Charleston Courier.]

The Decatur REPUBLICAN came out last week in a new dress. It looks bright and clean; and we congratulate the proprietors on their ability to cope with hard times.

[Monticello Herald.]

The Decatur REPUBLICAN comes out in a brand new dress, body and display type, column and head rules, dashes, etc. It has also put in one of Potter's extra heavy presses. The additions to the office foot up to $3,000. We are pleased to note such evidences of prosperity in the REPUBLICAN, as it is worthy of it.

[Champaign Gazette.]

Two more industrious, able and genial editors do not exist in the sucker state than Hamsher & Mosser, of the Decatur REPUBLICAN, and we rejoice to know that they have prospered these hard times to an extent that enables them to set up two new presses and fit out their paper with a dress of new type. May fortune continue to smile upon them.

[Decatur Local Review.]

On Thursday evening the Decatur Daily REPUBLICAN came to us in entire new dress, as full of news as an egg is of meat, and looking as handsome as tis possible for a newspaper to look. We congratulate our neighbor upon its improved appearance and rejoice that it is so prosperous.

[Danville Commercial.]

The Decatur Daily REPUBLICAN of last Thursday makes its bow in an entire new dress, and looks as neat and prim as a young lady just out of a bandbox. We rejoice in this evidence of our contemporary's prosperity—which can only be accounted for by the fact that Decatur is filled with a live and appreciative population of business men. The REPUBLICAN is one of our best and wisest exchanges and richly deserves the prosperity it enjoys.

[Springfield Register.]

The Decatur Daily REPUBLICAN, edited by Hamsher & Mosser, is one of the papers which makes journalism a creditable profession in Illinois. It is a bright, spicy, and what is more essential, a clean sheet. It has just appeared in a new dress, which is one evidence of prosperity, and we hope to note others, even after the final dissolution of the republican party, which the REPUBLICAN is laboring to prevent.

[Clinton Register.]

The Decatur Daily REPUBLICAN comes to us in a handsome new dress, thus giving evidence of its prosperity.

[Macon News.]

The Decatur REPUBLICAN has a "new dress," in which it "shines like a morning star," and of which it is a trifle proud. Well, it has a right to be, for it is something to be proud of.

[Tuscola Journal.]

The Decatur REPUBLICAN having thrown aside its old dress, now looks as radiant and happy as a "sweet sixteener" in a bran-new Dolly Varden with her first beau. Hamsher & Mosser get up the best paper in Decatur.

A Good Scheme.

When a voter is registered in France he is given a card bearing his name and number. When he comes to vote he hands in the card, which is compared with the register, and if he is all right he votes, and a corner is cut from the card, which is given back to him. Saves a heap of jaw, and expedites business.

THE Des Moines *Register* says not for many years have the returns of any election in Iowa come in so slowly as this year. There are still seventeen counties from which, practically, nothing has been heard on the State ticket! Seventy-five counties reported give Gear 36,898 majority over Irish. Seven counties give Democratic majorities, aggregating 3,133. Gear's net majority in eighty-two counties is 33,765. In twenty-nine countias, Mr. Stubbs, the Greenback candidate, has 15,944 votes, and it is believed that he received over 30,000 votes in the state. Jessup, the Prohibition candidate, received about 8,000 votes in the state. Kirkwood's majority in the state in 1875 was 31,699.

"KENTUCKY republicans will be entirely content with one first-class Federal position—and so will the republican party generally. It isn't necessary to shower the honors too lavishly upon a state that gives from 60,000 to 90,000 Democratic majority."—*Dayton Journal.*

Very true. Something should be reserved for Ohio.

THE decision of the Illinois Supreme Court, in the case of the city of Springfield, that, under the new constitution no town, city or county debt can be created, by loan or otherwise, exceeding 5 per cent. of the assessed valuation of the taxable property, is important as a warning to all the municipalities in the state whose treasuries are empty. They cannot legally anticipate the taxes by raising money by issuing scrip, certificates or other evidences of debt, when their indebtedness is already equal to 5 per cent. of the assessed value of the taxable property.—*Chicago Journal.*

THE National Christian Temperance Union is in session at Cleveland, Ohio. Francis Murphy is acting as president.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

The Weekly Republican.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1877.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

For County Judge,
SAMUEL F. GREER.

For County Clerk,
GEORGE P. HARDY.

For County Treasurer,
GEORGE M. WOOD.

For Superintendent Schools,
JOHN T. MONTGOMERY.

WHAT DOES IT MEAN?

Andrew Wilson, the independent candidate for county treasurer is out in a card withdrawing from the race, and the organ of that party has taken down the whole ticket, preparatory to some kind of a new movement What that movement will be, what new form it will take, it is of course impossible to tell just yet. It may be that the "Independent and Greenback" voters of Macon county will to-morrow be turned over to the Democratic party, or possibly some other and still more singular disposition may be made of their political effects. Their "boss" is equal to almost any emergency in the way of crooked politics. Time will tell.

THE REPUBLICAN never enjoyed so large an advertising patronage as at this time A glance at its advertising columns demonstrates this fact.

A NEWSPAPER that persistently perverts everything it touches soon loses the respect of the community, and its vaporings have no more force than the common street liar.

NUMEROUS are the congratulations we daily receive upon the fine appearance of the REPUBLICAN, and from the substantial encouragement we are receiving we have no occasion to regret our recent outlay.

IT transpires that the notorious "Brick" Pomeroy received $49,200 from the corruption fund of Boss Tweed, while Pomeroy was editor of the New York *Democrat*. 'Brick" is a red-hot "reformer" now.

THE art of publishing a successful newspaper has been attained by but few. though there is perhaps no other single pursuit for which so many feel themselves perfectly qualified. Enough money has been sunk in attempts to establish newspapers to pay off the national debt; and, strange to say, notwithstanding the many and disastrous failures, those willing to risk fortunes in journalistic enterprises are as numerous as ever.

THE REPUBLICAN office has never been better prepared to do job printing than now. With new and first-class presses, and large additions of job type, this office can not be excelled in quality and price. And we are glad to realize that the citizens of Macon county appreciate our efforts to establish a first class office Although the present season has been one of unusual depression our job department has at all times been doing a fair business.

REPUBLICAN papers in New York insist that the approaching election in that State is not to determine the success or failure of the administration of President Hayes, not to decide whether the republican party supports or disapproves the so-called new Southern policy, but it is to decide whether republicans or democrats are to be elected to state offices, is to decide whether honest men shall be elected to office, or whether Tammany Hall and the Canal Ring shall enter upon an indefinite period of undisputed power

NOTICING the disorganization of the republican party in Georgia, the New York *Times* says this may be the first step toward the immediate disruption of the democratic party in the South, so much talked of by conservative gentlemen, but adds. "unfortunately or otherwise, there are faithful, honest republicans in all parts of the country who can not be convinced that such is the case.

GENERAL GRANT labored under an impression at Birmingham that fell on the free traders like a wet blanket He dropped an incidental remark that "he had a kind of recollection that England herself had a protective tariff until her manufactories were established '

ONE hundred and seventy-five members of the House of Representatives are lawyers, and only eight doctors

PRESIDENT Hayes expresses his opinion that Kellogg was legally elected United States senator, and should be admitted to his seat.

THE REPUBLICAN TICKET.

The November election is rapidly approaching, and the voters of Macon county will soon be called on to decide upon the men who shall serve them in the various county offices to be filled this fall. We have not burdened the columns of our paper very much with appeals in behalf of the candidates on the Republican ticket, feeling that they are too well and favorably known to require constant puffing at our hands. but a reference to the men and their merits will not be considered out of place at this time.

A somewhat familiar acquaintance with the politics of Macon county for the past twenty years warrants us in making the assertion that there has never been a ticket placed before our people in that time, by any political party, that had more of intrinsic merit, and less of objectionable material than the one put in the field by the late Republican county convention. Every man on the ticket is peculiarly fitted for the discharge of the duties pertaining to the office to which he aspires. There is no question about the fitness of each and every one of them, neither can a word be urged against the moral character of any of the candidates Judge Greer, who has held the office of county judge for sixteen consecutive years, is so well adapted to the place, both by nature and training, that the people of this county can scarcely conceive of the office separated from the man. Beside being thoroughly conversant with all the requirements of the law pertaining to the office, and having a mind utterly free from the faintest suspicion of bias, he has the very clearest conception and the most perfect realization of the grave importance of his office. He has learned to recognize the fact that the material interests of the weakest and most helpless of all classes rest in a great measure upon the integrity and watchfulness of the court over which he presides. It is worth something to have such a man in such a place, it would be folly the most suicidal to dispense with the services of such an officer while they can as well be retained.

George P. Hardy, the candidate for county clerk, has resided in Illinois nearly all his life—the last twenty-five years in Decatur and its vicinity. During that time he has built up a reputation for integrity and uprightness that would be of value to any man He has never held a county office, but for several years past has occupied a responsible position in our city government, and has discharged its duties well and faithfully. Accurate, quick and obliging, he has every qualification necessary for the office of county clerk, and though that office has been well filled in the past it never had an incumbent who made a better officer than George P. Hardy will be.

George M. Wood, who has been renominated for county treasurer, has held the office one term, to the general satisfaction of the public He has displayed an amount of care and good judgment in the discharge of his duties that are the best recommendations any man can offer in his own behalf. No county treasurer ever devoted his time more closely to the discharge of his duties, and while he might have filled the requirements of the law with less labor and trouble to himself, it would have been at the expense of those taxpayers who found the times too pinching to enable them to pay up before the day fixed for the annual tax sale It has been Mr Wood's custom to open the sale on the day fixed by law—as he was in duty bound to do—and after selling a few pieces to adjourn to a future day, in order to give people more time to pay their taxes and thus save the heavy costs incident to redemption. Nobody is injured by this, for the sale is still legally made, if the taxes are not paid before the adjourned sale, but men in straitened circumstances are often accommodated very greatly. The people should bear this in mind when they come to vote for treasurer.

Our candidate for superintendent of schools, John T. Montgomery, is a young man of high reputation in educational circles. He has been engaged in teaching a number of years, and the best success has attended his labors. The people among whom he has taught are unanimous in their praises of him as a teacher and a gentleman. The teachers of the county, and others having business with the county superintendent, have frequently complained during the past four years of the difficulty they have experienced in finding the superintendent in his office. He resides some distance in the country, and the small salary attached to the office does not justify him in removing to the county seat. Consequently, his office has frequently been closed, and much annoyance has been the result.—The election of Mr Montgomery, who resides here, would obviate this difficulty, while the election of his Democratic opponent would perpetuate it for another four years.

The ticket is worthy the support of every Republican in the county, and if we but do our duty it will be triumphantly elected.

THE Springfield *Register*, in noticing what we said about the state house appropriation, says:

The REPUBLICAN appears to be of the opinion that the state house board is appointed by the mayor of Springfield. Why don't Messrs Hamsher & Mosser write to Gov Cullom'

So far as the appointment of the commissioners is concerned, it might as well have been done by the mayor of Springfield, since the board could not possibly have been constituted with any greater reference to the interests of that city. As to the other proposition, we beg leave to remind our neighbor of the remark made by President Lincoln on one occasion, when Mr. Seward disregarded the wishes of the president in making an appointment: "I have very little influence with this administration."

THE complete returns of the election in Ohio give Richard M. Bishop (dem) 21,889 plurality for governor, the vote being: West, 239,347, Bishop, 261,236; Johnson, 16,890, Bond, 12,480, Thompson, 3,868; scattering, 84. The total of 534,905 votes is 57,778 less than in the gubernatorial election of 1875, when Hayes beat Allen by 5,544, and is 114,866 less than in the presidential election. when Hayes had 7,516 over Tilden. Compared with the presidential vote, West has 91,251 less than Hayes, and Bishop has 51,946 less than Tilden. The two candidates of the Labor Reformers and Greenbackers polled 29,370 votes, and it is not difficult to see from which of the great parties they were mainly drawn

THE NEW JUDGE.

The nomination of Gen. John M Harlan, of Kentucky, for associate justice of the Supreme Court of the United States will make the following sketch of him of interest to our readers.

"Gen. Harlan is about 42 years old, and is blessed with remarkable physical and intellectual powers His parents were natives of Kentucky, and his father (Jas Harlan) was the distinguished whig politician who represented the Mercer district in congress from 1836 to 1839. His father was also secretary of state of Kentucky from 1840 to 1844, and from 1850 to the time of his death in 1863, he was attorney general of the state. Harlan county, Kentucky, was named after Gen. Harlan's grand-uncle, who fell in a battle with Indians at Blue Lick In 1859, when only 24 years of age, General Harlan ran for congress in the Fayette district (then called the VIIIth), on the opposition ticket, and, after a hard fight, was defeated by the democratic candidate by a majority of only 67, in a total vote of 43,797. When the war broke out he joined the Union army, and served for two years as Colonel of the Tenth Kentucky Infantry. The death of his father then compelled him to tender his resignation. On returning to civil life General Harlan settled his father's estate and in the same year (1863) he was elected attorney general of the state on the union ticket, which was headed by the late Governor Bramlette. General Harlan's majority was 52,852 in a total vote of 78,932, Governor Bramlette's majority was 50,918. At the close of his term he removed to Louisville, and returned to the practice of law. General Harlan is probably the best orator in Kentucky, and is one of the ablest and most successful members of the bar in that state. Talent for oratory is a natural gift with him. His command of language is great, and his sense of humor is keen; but he indulges in few rhetorical ornaments in his speeches. When only 21 years of age he canvassed Kentucky for President Filmore; and there are Kentuckians still living who speak of his boyish eloquence in high terms. Gen. Harlan has the respect of Kentuckians, and his vigorous canvasses made him the leader of the republican party in that state. In 1871 Gen. Harlan was the republican candidate for governor, and polled 89,294 votes against 126,447 for the democratic candidate. In 1875 he was again the republican candidate, and he then increased his vote to 90.795 against 126,976 for Gov. McCreery.—Gen. Harlan is about 6 feet high, and weighs, perhaps, 225 pounds. He has good-natured, expressive blue eyes, fair complexion and hair, a large head, massive, lofty forehead. deep chest and broad shoulders. His power of self-control is great, and he has an abundant geniality and tact. He is probably the most industrious, untiring canvasser in Kentucky, capable of speaking or writing fifteen or twenty hours every day. It is said he was never sick a day in his life."

CAPT. WM THOMPSON printed a card in the Natchez *Democrat* of Oct. 12th, addressed to the people of Jefferson county, Mississippi and explaining why he has withdrawn as an independent democratic candidate for sheriff of that county. He says;

The present year, with its opportunity, seemed a fitting one for the undersigned, with others who shared his sentiments, to inaugurate a movement hostile to the methods of last year; and our desire was to have gone upon the stump, to have taken our chances in an open field, for the purpose of breaking up race lines, to urge upon the good people of the country to allow a division of sentiments, to appeal for free speech and civil liberty, as also to have denounced thievery and lawlessness.—We proposed to do these things as democrats. In this, however, we have been thwarted, for, in a recent attempt to discuss these questions, freedom of speech was denied us, our own meeting was invaded, and the chairman of the democratic executive committee of the county in uniform, with shot-gun and pistol, the marshal of the democratic county organizations, armed and uniformed, with representatives of the different clubs of the county attending, obtruded themselves upon our meeting, and in defiance of all decencies on such occasions, forbade quiet procedure. The gentlemen who as independents were associated with me became satisfied from this, as from other causes, that a further attempt to continue the canvass would bring about bloodshed, and contrary to my wishes, I have withdrawn. A higher motive than that of fear for their personal safety actuated them; I am sure, and, as far as I am personally concerned, I care nothing for the dangers of the campaign, but, as I am not gifted with the power of oratory, and as it was my desire to have had an open canvass, my associates having withdrawn, I deem it best also to withdraw. Justice, however, to my friends, as also to myself, compels me to second the declaration of many others, that the democratic party of this country means to rule it arbitrarily, and by foul means, if necessary, and that the terrorism of an oligarchy over the majority of the legal voters of the county is absolutely fixed and determined upon

THE Washington *Capital*, edited by Donn Piatt, a roaring democrat, thus describes Sam Randall, the new democratic speaker of the house of representatives·

His congressional career is a history of votes in behalf of Pennsylvania jobs, and a record of speeches that degrade politics to the level of the sample room. If the honorable speaker ever uttered a sentence containing an original thought or patriotic sentiment, such sentence has escaped us. If he ever introduced a measure above League Island or a navy yard, the country, does not know of it. His aggressive mediocrity is offensive as his ignorance is profound. The South, recovered from the timidity that made every move a danger, demands her share of public plunder that only such a speaker could secure. The lobby, hungry, eager and bold, reassembles, to organize again, that it may see once more the gavel of the speaker made the hammer of an auctioneer, knocking down all a free people hold precious The caucus has killed reform, and through all the sample rooms, restaurants, and hotels, the corruptionists hold high carnival.

'GATH" reports to the New York *Graphic* an interview with Garfield, from which we take the following:

'Your district did not come out this year to support the republican ticket?

"No; we had not the feeling necessary to draw out the vote nor the usual organization to drive it out Our standard was lowered from the beginning of the contest by making all kinds of concessions to all kinds of isms"

"Can you recover the state?"

"Yes, with the republican voters kindled again and the usual party energies of an election. The democratic vote fell off; they received no recruits from us. The republican party was frozen out, that's all."

"Does Ben Wade say, "I told you so?"

"No. Wade behaves very quietly, giving Hayes no trouble. But there is a feeling of sadness among a good many that the President has dropped the party standard."

THE value of the exports of produce from this country during the month of September last exceeded that of any previous month in our national or commercial history. The total was $30,677,425.

OAKEY HALL still preserves his mystery. When he goes to bed at night he imagines that all America is waiting to hear if he is dead or living, and when he gets up in the morning he imagines that all America has had the nightmare on his account.

A stove dealer in Hartford has died of a slight cut made in one of his fingers by a piece of ordinary oxidized sheet zinc. The zinc inflicted a poisonous wound that in a few hours affected the whole circulation, and baffled the efforts of physicians who were then summoned. Oxidized zinc, which is found in numberless houses, should therefore be handled as carefully as Woorara arrows or poisoned Chinese daggers.

SEE WHAT YOU CAN BUY FOR
99 CENTS
BOSTON 99 CENT STORE
NO. 12 MERCHANT STREET,
DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

1 Set Knives and Forks.
Carving Knife, Fork and Steel.
1 Fancy Silk Handkerchief.
1 Doz. Pair Good Hose.
1 Good Linen Shirt.
Britania Teapot with Gov't Bottom.
Coffee Pot (Old Dominion).
4, 8 or 12 Pair Ladies' Hose.
Full Suit Ladies' Underwear, 70c.
2 Full Suits Men's Underwear.
1 or 2 Pair Vases.
1 Toilet Set.
1 or 2 Harmonicas.
1 (96 Key) Harmonica.
1 Black Walnut Writing Desk.
1 Black Walnut Work Box.
1 Britania or China Toy Tea Set.
1 Wash Set, Toy.
1 High Chair.
4, 8 or 10 Rosewood Frames.
7 Leather Pocket Books.
48 Cakes of Soap.
200 Book Marks.
30 Spring Skirt Bustle.
2 Black Walnut Photo. Frames.
Child's Knife, Fork and Spoon.
1 Set Silver Plated Tea Spoons.
1 " " " Table "
1 Razor and Strop Large.
1 " " Pocket.
1 Gent's Wool-Dyed Shirt.
Tool Chest.
Noah's Ark.
Felt Skirts, 78, 85 and 99c.
Winter Hats and Caps for Men.

OUR STOCK EMBRACES UPWARDS OF
250 DIFFERENT LINES OF GOODS
AND OUR PRICES ARE EVERYWHERE ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE
WAY BELOW THE LOWEST.
IT WILL PAY ALL TO VISIT
NO. 12 MERCHANT STREET
AND EXAMINE GOODS AND PRICES.
Decatur, Oct11-w3m.

HAYS & BARTHOLOMEW'S
ONE PRICE--CASH
DRY GOODS!
NEW GOODS, NEW STYLES; LOW PRICES.
All the New Novelties in Dress Goods, Fancy Goods and Notions.
An Immense Stock of Table Linens, Crashes and all Housekeeping Goods.
The best Stock of Cassimeres, Water-Proofs, Plain and Round Aprons, Cloakings we ever had.
The Most Complete Lines of Cloaks, Shawls and Felt Skirts ever in Our House.
Black Alpacas and Mohairs, Black And Colored Cashmeres and Black and Colored Silks at Lower Prices than ever before shown in Decatur.
Plain and Plaid Flannels, Blankets, Gents', Ladies' and Children's Underwear, down to the bottom; Hosiery, Gloves, Corsets and Hoopskirts—well, we have got everything nice, and cheap.
Come and see.
Decatur, Oct11'77-d&wtf

AND STILL THEY COME!
C. B. PRESCOTT,
The BOSS MUSIC DEALER of Central Illinois, is receiving and shipping instruments nearly every day. He has just received another fine, large stock of MATHUSHEK PIANOS AND WESTERN COTTAGE ORGANS, which he is selling at EXCEEDINGLY LOW PRICES. Now is the time to buy a Piano or Organ at a Bargain.
Oct11d&wtf

OLD-FASHIONED
Square bar Soap is the most economical to use. Pressing and wrapping are of no possible benefit to Soap, but are done to make it look attractive and salable. Proctor & Gamble's Original Mottled German Soap is made of Red Oil, the best material known for producing a hard, serviceable and effective Soap. It is cut in one-pound bars, of convenient and economical shape, and not wrapped. The style in which this Soap is cut and packed saves all useless expense, enabling us to sell a superior Soap at much less per pound than you are now paying for an inferior article. Every bar of the genuine stamped "PROCTOR & GAMBLE—MOTTLED GERMAN." Take no other. Sold everywhere.

R. ASHBY,
(Opera House Block.) DECATUR, ILL.
SECOND-HAND STOVES.
Sign of the Elephant.
WOOL MATTRESSES
Upholstery and Pine Bedding
BARGAINS!
Home Sewing Machine,
Two Large Soap Kettles
—AND—
Two Large Desks
—A Complete Stock of—
FINE FURNITURE!
Any of which will be exchanged for SECOND-HAND GOODS. Prices as low as the lowest.
Oct. 18—d2m w6m

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

"THE CLIMAX,"

SELF-FEEDING

SOFT COAL STOVE

UNSURPASSED IN

STYLE AND FINISH!

HAVING THE

LARGEST SALE of any STOVE of its CLASS.

We respectfully ask its careful inspection before purchasing any other stove

DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

Sept27'77-wtf

J. R. RACE & CO.

MERCHANT TAILORS!

Have Just Received an Immense Stock of

FALL AND WINTER CASSIMERES

Cloths, Vestings, Overcoatings,

And other Piece Goods, which they are prepared to make up to order in the Best Style, and

GUARANTEE SATISFACTION.

TWO FIRST-CLASS CUTTERS

As good as can be found any where, are constantly employed, and customers can have their choice. Our

Ready-Made Clothing Department

Is full of the latest styles of goods, which will be sold at

LOWER PRICES THAN EVER BEFORE.

—In—

FURNISHING GOODS

Our stock is large and complete, embracing the Latest Novelties.

Plain, Unlaundried Shirts, 75c to $1.25
Best Laundried Shirts in Town, $1.00 to $1.25

—FALL STYLES OF—

SILK & SOFT HATS

—JUST RECEIVED.—

TRUNKS, VALISES AND TRAVELING BAGS

IN ENDLESS VARIETY.

Aug30'77-d&wtf J. R. RACE & CO.

FULLER, WARREN & CO.'S CELEBRATED SPLENDID PARLOR!

For Anthracite Coal,

The Finest Stove in the World.

FOR SALE BY

JOHN EBERT AND BRO.

Oct. 20—d&wtf DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

GO AND SEE

S. EINSTEIN'S

BEAUTIFUL STOCK OF FALL AND WINTER

DRY GOODS!

Just received, in which Special Bargains are offered to all who may give him a call.

NOTICE SOME OF OUR PRICES:

20 Yards	Brown Muslin,	$1.00
12 "	Soft Finish Bleached Muslin,	1.00
18 "	Best Dark Calico,	1.00
12 "	Good Cotton Flannel,	1.00

Also a full line of Black Alpacas, Cashmeres, Plain and Fancy Dress Goods and Ladies' and Gents' Furnishing Goods. Give me a call and examine my prices before purchasing elsewhere.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

NO. 21 NORTH WATER STREET

Decatur, Sep10'77-d&wtf S. EINSTEIN.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.—Senator Blaine, who was yesterday taken suddenly ill, is still confined to his bed, but with a prospect of an early recovery—He is much weaker than yesterday, and but few persons are admitted to his chamber, quiet being essential to his welfare A telegram from Augusta, received by him this morning, says that physicians think his daughter Alice out of danger, unless some unforeseen danger should be developed. The ball has not been extracted.

The senate committee on privileges and elections met this morning to hear arguments in the Louisiana case, and agreed to allow each contestant or his representative one hour to present arguments Mr Shellabarger (for Kellogg) opened the argument. His principal point was, that the president's decision as to which was the legal government of Louisiana was subject to review and reversal by congress Mr. Spofford asked leave to present his argument tomorrow Granted, and the committee adjourned.

The senate, in executive session, today, confirmed Richard C McCormick, to be assistant secretary of the treasury; Abraham D. Hazen, to be third assistant postmaster general, John M. Langston, minister resident and consul general at Hayti.

Jay Gould, representing the Union Pacific, and C. P. Huntington, the Central Pacific, are here, it is understood, to induce the secretary of the treasury and the secretary of the interior to recommend to congress the plan heretofore submitted for the liquidation of their interest indebtedness to the government, namely the, annual payment into the United States treasury of $500,000 by each company, to constitute, in connection with their earnings for government transportation, a sinking fund to repay the interest advanced by the government.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.—Speaker Randall has invited the Republican members of the house to confer with him in regard to their representation upon committees. The speaker is disposed to treat them with unusual liberty, and has fixed their portion or representation by the two parties at seven to four. The Democratic portions of the committees have been practically arranged, but they will be subject to revision after the Republican members shall have been selected. The Speaker, though originally expecting to be able to present a full list of the committees on Thursday, said to-night they would hardly be ready before Monday next. In the selection of the various members of the committees the speaker is careful to avoid allowing his personal feelings to influence him in his choice of individuals, and has studiously regarded the interests of the various sections of the country

It can now be stated that the nomination of the English mission will not be made from Pennsylvania, but it will be given to the Mississippi Valley or to New York This step is much regretted, but the Administration, in view of what has transpired within the past twelve hours, is left no alternative The subject was broached, during the visit of Secretary Evarts to Pennsylvania with your correspondent, in July last, and, as an evidence of the desire to confer this honor upon Pennsylvania, no other thought has been entertained until now It can be stated in the knowledge of your correspondent that the suggestion of this purpose was predicated upon the understanding that a gentleman would be named who would be acceptable to all interests of the Republican party, and as well to the government This morning the name of ex-Senator Simon Cameron was presented to the Secretary of State as the choice of the seventeen Republican representives from Pennsylvania for the English mission It has been the policy of the Administration to select gentlemen of middle age for all diplomatic and consular posts, in view of their better ability to serve the Government in its wish to institute inquiry into prospects of establishing American trade. No action will be immediately taken on the placing the mission elsewhere, as the resignation of Minister Pierrepont will not take effect until December 1.

LONDON, Oct. 23.—The work of exploring the colliery at High Blantyre, in which the explosion occurred yesterday, proceeded throughout the night. Four miners were discovered alive about 11 o'clock, but in so exhausted a condition that one died before morning and another is hopelessly prostrated. Mining experts say all the men in the pits perished, but even if any are alive now no rescue party can reach them in less than eight or ten days. The work of bringing up the dead was resumed this morning. The bodies are fearfully burned and mangled. The explosion was of terrible violence.

CHICAGO, October 23—The Republican County Convention met to-day and nominated the following ticket: Treasurer, S. M. McCrea; Judge of Superior Court, John A Jameson, Judge of County Court, Mason B. Loomis, Commissioners, W. E Wheeler, G. W. Spofford, August Meyer, E. Burling and Albert Boex; County Clerk, E. F. C. Blokke; Probate Clerk, S F. Hanchett; Clerk of Criminal Court, John Stephens; County Superintendent of Schools, A. G. Lane. The Convention was harmonious throughout.

HORSES IN EUROPE.

Russia leads all nations in the number of its horses. In 1876, she had 21,570,000 horses, or more than all Europe beside, and 60 per cent more than are owned in the United States. Compared with other countries, Russia has one horse for every three and a half persons, Austria one for every ten, Prussia and Great Britain one for every eleven, France one for every twelve, and Italy one for every twenty-seven. Far back into the history of Russia, the rearing of horses has always formed a notable branch of national industry.

The government of Russia devotes special attention to the encouragement of horse-breeding. There are no less than twelve imperial studs, nine of which are in Europe and three in the Caucasus; there are also fourteen government depots and country stables spread over the empire, each having from 60 to 150 stallions for public use, besides which are about 2,500 private studs that own 6,500 stallions and 69,000 brood mares. The government offers prizes and medals at races and exhibitions for improvement in the various breeds. Over 400 horse fairs are held annually, and at fifteen of the most important of these from 2,000 to 10,000 horses are offered for sale, while in all some 300,000 change hands at these fairs. During the period from 1870 to 1875, Russia averaged an annual export of horses exceeding in number 25,000.

GLEANINGS

"France has not perished, but three monarchies have perished," were among the last words of Thiers.

The Rochester *Democrat* has the news that General McClellan would feel more confident if the election in New Jersey could be postponed till December.

A Millersburg (Ky) man sent one dollar to New York for prescription to cure snoring The prescription read, "Don't go to sleep" He didn't that night.

The largest flouring mill in New York state is to be erected at Niagara Falls at a cost of $100,000.

A Frenchman thinks he has discovered that round-eared animals love music and sharp-eared animals hate it.

A popular clergyman in Philadelphia delivered a lecture on "Fools." The tickets to it read, "Lecture on Fools. Admit one

IMPORTANT TO VOTERS

The following sections of the election law should be familiar to and be remembered by the judges, clerks and others.

Sec. 87. If any judge or clerk of election shall willfully or corruptly ascertain, by comparison of the poll book with the ballot, or shall allow any other person to ascertain by such comparison or otherwise, or shall willfully publish or reveal how any electors voted at any election, he shall, on conviction thereof, be fined in any sum not exceeding $1,000 or imprisoned in the county jail not exceeding one year, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Sec. 88 If any person shall willfully or corruptly ascertain or publish, or reveal how any elector voted at any election, he shall, on conviction thereof, be fined in any sum not exceeding $1,000, or imprisoned in the county jail not exceeding one year, or both, in the discretion of the court

STOVES.

COAL AND WOOD

COOKING STOVES,

The Best that can be made,

AT REDUCED PRICES.

RANGES,

For Coal and Wood.

ARGALIA — The most beautiful Soft Coal Base Burner and Self-Feeder in the World.

ROSALIA — Hard Coal Base Burner. The best working Stove ever offered for sale. Call and look at it.

Twenty other styles and sizes of Heating Stoves for any fuel.

All the above, or any other goods in my very large assortment, are offered at prices that will be an inducement to purchasers to select from the stock of

R. LIDDLE,

1 & 2 Court House Block.

Oct. 11, 1877—dwtf

150,000 Apple Trees, all sizes, 200,000 [illegible] size; 50,000 Maples [illegible] 10,000 [illegible] Cherry, [illegible] Shrubs. [illegible] catalogue free. Ship now. Can deliver in proper season in Decatur, same day they are dug—an item.

H. W. DAVIS,
Box 14 Hinsdale, Ill.

N. B.—High price [illegible] and eggs for sale. [illegible] d&wtf

When You Buy Homœopathic Medicines be sure you get the regular preparations, such as physicians use. A full line of these on hand from Luyties Homœopathic Pharmacy, St. Louis, Mo For sale by Hubbard & Swearingen, Decatur, Ills.

apr26-w1y.

Administrator's Sale of Real Estate!

BY VIRTUE of an order and decree of the County Court of Macon county, in the State of Illinois, made at the October Term thereof, A. D. 1877, upon the petition of the undersigned, administrators of the estate of Lot Elliott, deceased, against Elizabeth Elliott and others, numbered 719 on the probate docket of said Court, we will, on

Saturday, the 17th day of November, A. D. 1877,

between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, sell, at public vendue, at the west door of the Court House, in the city of Decatur, in said county, the following described real estate situated in said county, to-wit:

All the interest of said Lot Elliott in the east half of the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section twenty-four, in township 16 north, range [illegible] of the third principal meridian; also one-half of the southeast quarter of the southeast quarter of the said section, township and range, more particularly described as follows: Commencing 80 rods west of the northeast corner of said quarter section, thence 40 rods west, thence 80 rods south, thence 40 rods east, thence 80 rods north to the place of beginning; also the east half of the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter of section 24, in said township and range, except that part of said last mentioned tract of land which lies north of the Sangamon river.

TERMS OF SALE—One-third cash in hand, one-third in six months, and one-third in twelve months from day of sale; the deferred payments to be secured by approved personal security, and a mortgage on the premises sold, and to bear interest at the rate of ten per cent. per annum. No conveyance to be made until the sale has been reported and approved by the court.

NOAH JACOBS,
THOS. W. PARKER,
Administrators of the estate of Lot Elliott, deceased.

Oct. 18-d1t w4w

THIS standard article is compounded with the greatest care.

Its effects are as wonderful and as satisfactory as ever.

It restores gray or faded hair to its youthful color.

It removes all eruptions, itching and dandruff. It gives the head a cooling, soothing sensation of great comfort, and the scalp by its use becomes white and clean.

By its tonic properties it restores the capillary glands to their normal vigor, preventing baldness, and making the hair grow thick and strong.

As a dressing, nothing has been found so effectual or desirable.

A. A. Hayes, M.D., State Assayer of Massachusetts, says, "The constituents are pure, and carefully selected for excellent quality; and I consider it the BEST PREPARATION for its intended purposes."

Price, One Dollar.

Buckingham's Dye FOR THE WHISKERS.

This elegant preparation may be relied on to change the color of the beard from gray or any other undesirable shade, to brown or black, at discretion. It is easily applied, being in one preparation, and quickly and effectually produces a permanent color, which will neither rub nor wash off.

Manufactured by R. P. HALL & CO.,
NASHUA, N.H.
Sold by all Druggists, and Dealers in Medicines.

THE GREAT CAUSE OF HUMAN MISERY.

Just published, in a sealed envelope. Price six cents. A lecture on the nature, treatment and radical cure of Seminal Weakness, or Spermatorrhœa, induced by Self-Abuse, Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, etc. By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the "Green Book," etc.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of self-abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

This lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.

Sent, under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps. Address the Publishers, the

CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.
P.O. Box 4586. 41 Ann St., New York.

LINDSEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER

Is the greatest Blood remedy of the age Tetter Scrofula, Ulcers Boils Pimples and all Blood diseases yield to its wonderful powers. Pure Blood is the guarantee of health Read "It cured my son of Scrofula. —*J. E. Brooks Painesville O* It cured my child of Erysipelas —*Mrs. E. Smeltzer Lorimers Pa.* Price $1 R. E. SELLERS & CO Props Pittsburgh Pa. The genuine has our name on bottom of wrappers

FARM FOR RENT.

120 ACRES, 3 miles southeast of city; under cultivation; good dwelling, barn, etc. Will lease one year with privilege of three. Possession given immediately. Apply to S. McROBERTS, East Side New Square, or to R. H. Merriweather, adjoining the farm. He has also for rent a brace of second story rooms fronting the park, the most desirable of any in the city. Oct15d2twlt

MEN WANTED Salary $900 per month. To a live man or will cut our goods to measure. Tuttle's Patent Elastic Suspenders. Sample pair, 50 PENSLING. YEARLY CONTRACT U. S. TIE DISPENSING CO., 90 West Fourth Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

DO YOU HAVE to BUY for your Farm or Family. It contains valuable information for everyone contemplating the purchase of any article for personal, family or agricultural use. Free to any Address.

MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.,
Original Grange Supply House,
227 & 229 Wabash Ave., CHICAGO, ILL.

Oct18w1m

GUNS and Revolvers. Illustrated Price List free. *Great Western Gun Works*, Pittsburg, Pa. 4w

$5 TO $15 a day to Agents. Outfit Free. Send Stamp. "The National Monthly," Lock Box 134, Washington, D. C.

Thousands will bear testimony (and do it voluntarily) that Vegetine is the best medicine or compound yet placed before the public for removing and purifying the blood. 4w

GOLD on Harvest for Agents. We send free, our new 60 page Illustrated Jewelry and Watch catalogue, with instructions how to make money. Address, N. CROWELL & CO., Philadelphia, Pa., or Milwaukee, Wis. 4w

GUARANTEED SPECULATION.

$400 invested by us in 60 day Straddles have made $3,750. $100 have paid $1,700 in 20 days. We Guarantee all 60 day Straddles; Money refunded if no profit is made. References given. Correspondence solicited.

W. F. HUBBELL & CO.,
Members New York Mining Stock Exchange,
P. O. Box 2,613. 46 Broad Street, N. Y.

MOTHER'S REMEDY. For Burns and Scalds, Bites of Insects, Poison by Ivy, Frozen Limbs and Parts, Discharging Sores, Milk leg, sore and weak eyes, Boils, Carbuncles, Felons and Stings, Sore Nipples, Broken Breasts, Erysipelas, Acute Pains, Headache Earache and Toothache, Blind and Bleeding Piles, Bleeding of the Lungs, Uterine Hemorrhage and inflammations and Ulcerations peculiar to females is "Sandford's Extract of Witch Hazel. Ask for it, because it is better, stronger and cheaper than any other, and is warranted by Weeks & Potter, Wholesale Druggists, 300 Washington St., Boston, Mass. 4w

AGENTS WANTED!!

FOR PARTICULARS, ADDRESS

WILSON SEWING MACHINE CO.,

839 Broadway, New York City;
Chicago, Ill.; New Orleans, La.;
or San Francisco, Cal.

4w

RUPTURE.

Those wishing Relief and Cure for Rupture should consult Dr. J. A. SHERMAN, 251 Broadway, New York.

Send 10 cts. for his new book, with Photographic likenesses of bad cases before and after cure. Beware of cheats who pretend to furnish Dr. Sherman's treatment.

One of these fellows, a german clerk, now calling himself Dr. W. G. Crempien, is indicted on complaint of Dr. S. and awaits trial for forgery and embezzlement.

—WESTERN OIL—

TANK LINE COMPANY,

Decatur Station.

FERRIS & EMMONS,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

GASOLINE

Burning Fluids, Coal Oil,

And all kinds of

Engine AND Machine

OILS

And Refined and Crude

PETROLEUM.

Office and Warehouse

Corner Jackson and Cerro Gordo Streets.

Dealers purchasing our oil will have the advantage of always getting whole packages. No leaky barrels allowed to leave the warehouse.

Highest Prices Paid for Empty Barrels.

W. P. FERRIS,
G. W. EMMONS Nov11wtf

MASTER'S SALE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, } ss
MACON COUNTY,

Macon County Circuit Court.

William Grabill vs. William H. Carnell Mary E. Carnell and Porter Fuller—*Foreclosure.*

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that in pursuance of a decretal order entered in the above entitled cause in said Court at the August Term A. D. 1877, I, John A. Brown, Master in Chancery for said Court, on

Wednesday, the 31st day of October, A. D. 1877,

at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m. of said day, shall sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the West door of the Court House, in Decatur in said county, the following described real estate situate in the county of Macon and State of Illinois, to-wit. Lot number seven (7) of the east half of the northwest quarter of section number nine (9), in township number seventeen (17) north, range number four (4) east of third principal meridian, containing ten (10) acres, more or less; and also lot number six (6) of the east half of the northwest quarter of same section, township, &c., as above, containing ten (10) acres more or less, together with all and singular the tenements and hereditaments thereunto belonging. Said premises will be sold subject to redemption.

Decatur, Ill., Oct. 6th, 1877.

JOHN A. BROWN,
Master in Chancery for Macon Co., Ill.
F. B. TAIT, Attorney for Plaintiff.
Oct. 11—w3w

THE AGENCY —OF— ROGERS AND MONTGOMERY POWERS' BLOCK,

Decatur, Illinois, represents the best line of

FIRE AND LIFE

Insurance Companies.

—IN THE WEST.—

Assets amount to $141,750,000

Special attention also given to the

REAL ESTATE BUSINESS.

Buying, Selling and Renting of Farm and City Property. Those wishing to buy or sell will find it to their interest to give them a call.

Decatur, Illinois, June18'77-d&wtf

Assignee's Notice.

DISTRICT COURT of the United States, Southern District of Illinois.

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of David M. Garver, of Piatt County, Illinois, who has been adjudged bankrupt on his own petition.

REUBEN H. MERRIWEATHER.
Assignee.

Oct11d3w

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

Dr. Whittier,

617 St. Charles street, St. Louis, Mo.

A regular graduate of the [illegible] has been longer established in the special treatment of Private, Nervous and Skin Diseases than any other physician in St. Louis, as many leaders in the city can testify.

Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, or Diseases of Urinary Organs and Syphilitic or mercurial affections of the throat, skin or bones, are treated with unparalleled success on local principles, promptly, safely, effectually.

Spermatorrhœa, Sexual Debility and Impotency, as the result of self-abuse in youth, sexual excesses in maturer years, or other causes, and which produce some of the following effects: Nervousness, nocturnal emissions, dizziness, dimness of sight, defective memory, pimples on the face, physical decay, aversion to society of females, confusion of ideas, loss of sexual power, etc., rendering marriage improper or unhappy, are permanently cured. Pamphlet (32 pages) relating to the above, sent in sealed envelope for two postage stamps. Consultation at office or by mail free, and invited, a friendly talk or interview costs nothing. When it is inconvenient to visit the city for treatment, medicine can be sent by express or mail everywhere. Charges moderate, cures guaranteed, where double cures fail frankly stated. Office hours: 9 A. M. to 7 P. M. Sundays, 10 A. M. to 1 P. M.

Pamphlet, to any address, for Two Stamps.

MANHOOD All about it, sent by mail for 10 cents.

WOMANHOOD Every woman should read it. 10 cents.

Both sent, all three, for 20 Cents.

Manhood and Womanhood in German, both together, illustrated, 15 Cents.

MARRIAGE GUIDE. 200 PAGES.

Elegant cloth and gilt binding. Sealed for 50c. Over fifty wonderful pen pictures. Who is fit to marry, and who not; treatise on the following subjects: Who may marry, when, why. Proper age to marry. Who may marry first, Manhood, Womanhood, Physical decay. The effects of celibacy and excess. Whom should marry? How life and happiness may be increased. The Physiology of Reproduction, and many more. Those married or contemplating marriage should read it.

After a life-long practice, I cannot refrain from, based as well on moral conviction, it ought to be read by all adult persons. Often hinted at, not half averred or lost, and it is worth of re-reading. It contains the cream of medical literature, thoughts gathered in an extensive practice, and worth to any one who will give the careful perusal, ten times the cost.

Popular Edition, same as above, but paper cover, 100 pages. Sent postpaid by mail. Cheapest good guide in America. For sixteen editions, embracing interest.

DR. WHITTIER,
617 St. Charles street, St. Louis, Mo.

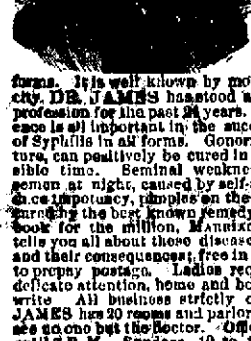
DR. WHITTIER,
617 St. Charles Street,

Treats all forms of Venereal Diseases, Seminal Emissions and Sexual Debility, with unparalleled success. No matter who failed, call or write; pamphlet or consultation free. Can refer to the medical profession in all parts of the Country.

Popular illustrated book (260 pages) on MANHOOD! WOMANHOOD! MARRIAGE! Impediments to Marriage; the cause and cure. Sent *securely sealed*, post paid for 50 cents, by DR. C. WHITTIER, 617 St. Charles Street, St. Louis, Mo., the great specialist. Read his works.

Dec. 1, 1876—dawly

DR. JAMES.



LOCK HOSPITAL,
Cor. FRANKLIN & WASHINGTON STREETS, CHICAGO, ILL.

Chartered by the State for the purpose of giving the best possible treatment in all cases of PRIVATE and CHRONIC Diseases in all their varied and complicated forms. It is well known by most persons in the city, DR. JAMES has stood at the head of the profession for the past 24 years. Age and experience is all important in the successful treatment of Syphilis in all forms. Gonorrhœa, gleet, stricture, can positively be cured in the shortest possible time. Seminal weakness, emissions of semen at night, caused by self-abuse, which produces impotency, pimples on the face, also can be cured by the best known remedy in the world. A book for the million, MANHOOD: HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED, which tells you all about these diseases, marriage, love, and their consequences; free in office, or 10 cents to prepay postage. Ladies requiring the most delicate attention, home and board, may call or write. All business strictly confidential. DR. JAMES has 20 rooms and parlors. In calling you see no one but the doctor. Office hours: 9 A. M. until 7 P. M. Sundays, 10 to 12. Consultation always FREE and invited. Call or write.

Oct. 19, 1876 d&w1y

SPECIAL NOTICE.

SWEET CIDER

For making Apple Butter, or for any other use delivered to any part of the city.

CIDER VINEGAR

Sold in large or small quantities—the best in the market.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE

Paid for Cider Apples, delivered at the mills on the Edward Walton place, on the Springfield road, four miles west of the city.

HEADQUARTERS

Under "Cheap Charley's," cor Main and Water Streets, Decatur, Illinois.

JOHN W. WINSOR.

Sep22'77-d&w2m

THE AGENCY
—OF—
ROGERS AND MONTGOMERY
POWERS' BLOCK,

Decatur, Illinois, represents the best line of

FIRE AND LIFE
Insurance Companies
—IN THE WEST.—

Assets amount to $141,750,000

Special attention also given to the

REAL ESTATE
BUSINESS.

Buying, Selling and Renting of Farm and City Property. Those wishing to buy or sell will find it to their interest to give them a call.

Decatur, Illinois, Jun18'77-d&wtf

MONEY TO LOAN
—AT—
8 PER CENT.

In behalf of agents for eastern pastern parties we are authorized to receive applications from prompt, responsible persons, for First Mortgage Loans—three to five years time, on best improved farms, not more than one-half their low cash value—at 8 per cent. for sums of $2,000 and upward. No loans less than $1,000. Agents' Commission and Attorney's Fees, 4 per cent.

CREA & EWING,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Over Ferriss' Shoe Store.

Decatur, Jul18'77-wly.

$5 WATCHES. Cheapest in the known world. Sent by mail and warranted to run 20 years. For terms address DOUTHE & CO. Chicago

Revolvers 1-shot $2.50, 70 kinds. Guns & Rifles $5 to $200. Monster Ill. Cat. for 3-ct. stamp. WESTERN GUN WORKS, Chicago, Ill.

N. LAUX & BRO.

HAVE OPENED A NEW
UNDERTAKING
ESTABLISHMENT,
Two Doors South of St. Nicholas HOTEL.

We have engaged the services of a practical undertaker to superintend all funerals, having a fine hearse and carriages, and large supply of

WOOD AND METALLIC
CASKETS,
We collect a share of public patronage.
COFFINS
Trimmings and Shrouds,
At wholesale.

ST. NICHOLAS

LIVERY, FEED
AND SALE STABLE.
FIFST CLASS OUTFITS.

Jul17'77-wtf N. LAUX & BRO.

$35

Will buy a genuine improved
Howe Sewing Machine
SOLD BY
HUMPHREY & SON,
ALSO DEALERS IN
NEEDLES, PURE OILS,
Parts and Attachments.
Repairing a Specialty.
BARRETT'S BLOCK,
North Main Street,
DECATUR, ILLS.

May24'77-wly

IF YOU WNT
Choice Groceries
CALL ON
HENRY LYON,
28 Merchant St.,

Where you will always find a stock of Staple and Fancy Groceries and

PROVISIONS

Which will be sold at prices as low as can be found anywhere.

COUNTRY PRODUCE
Of all kinds taken in exchange for goods.

HENRY LYON.

Decatur, Mar18'75-wtf

"The Washington City Route."
Baltimore & Ohio R. R.

THE SHORTEST, QUICKEST
AND
ONLY DIRECT ROUTE
TO
Washington & Baltimore
WITH DIRECT CONNECTIONS FOR
Richmond, Lynchburg, Norfolk,
AND
THE SOUTHEAST,
Philadelphia, New York, Boston,
AND
THE EAST.

TRAVELERS DESIRING A
Speedy, Pleasant and Comfortable Trip
SHOULD REMEMBER THAT THE
BALTIMORE & OHIO R.R.
IS CELEBRATED FOR ITS
Elegant Coaches, Splendid Hotels, Grand and Beautiful Mountain and Valley Scenery, and the many Points of Historical Interest along Its Line.

THE FARE WILL ALWAYS BE AS LOW
AS BY ANY OTHER LINE.

PULLMAN PALACE CARS
RUN THROUGH
WITHOUT CHANGE
BETWEEN THE PRINCIPAL
WESTERN AND EASTERN CITIES.

For Through Tickets, Baggage Checks, Movement of Trains, Sleeping Car Accommodations, Etc., apply at Ticket Offices at all principal points NORTH, SOUTH, EAST or WEST.

E. R. DORSEY, Ass't Gen. Ticket Ag't.
THOS. P. BARRY, Western Pass. Agent.
L. M. COLE, Gen. Tick. Ag't.
THOS. R. SHARP, Mast. of Transp'n.

Book-keepers, Operators, Reporters, School Teachers
Penmen
Pilated at Great Mercantile College, Dubuque, Iowa

SOME SCRAPS OF HISTORY.

The Washington correspondent of the *Globe-Democrat* revives some bits of political history, as follows:

The Democracy of the West are still excited over the very restricted proposition for "pairing" alleged to have been made to Senator Morton by his colleague, Senator McDonald. The theory of the opposition is that Morton's affliction should be treated as an opportunity providentially placed at the disposal of the Democratic party, and that every advantage should be taken of it. This reminds me of a scene which took place in the senate chamber about ten years ago, and which must ever be memorable to those who witnessed it. The occasion was one of Andrew Johnson's vetoes. One of the reconstruction bills had been returned to the senate without approval, and the question before the senate was, whether it should pass, the Executive's objections notwithstanding. The senate was very evenly divided—that is to say, by close work the republicans thought they could get the two-thirds vote necessary to pass the bill over the veto. In response to a motion to proceed to the consideration of the bill, a democratic senator—I think it was Mr. Hendricks—rose, and said that Mr. Dixon, of Connecticut, who favored the veto, was absent on account of sickness, and moved a postponement in consequence. This brought old Ben. Wade to his feet in a most irascible speech, in which he declared in so many words that Mr. Dixon's sickness was an interposition of Providence in behalf of the republicans, and that he (Wade) was in favor of taking advantage of every such opportunity to thwart the will of the traitor at the White House. While Wade was speaking, Senator McDougall, of California, entered the chamber. He was fearfully and wonderfully drunk—"his custom always of an afternoon." He was dressed in the unique costume for which he was famous while here—an army overcoat, surmounted by a Mexican sombrero, and underlined with a pair of tremendous cavalry boots covering his pantaloons and adorned with a pair of Mexican spurs, which made a noise almost equal to a fire alarm. McDougall listened to Wade, and, with his hat in one hand and his riding-whip in the other, quickly succeeded him on the floor. I shall never forget the speech he made, for it was a perfect gem in its way. He said that as he had heard the senator from Ohio calling upon his God in a case like this, he was reminded of the ancient Persian mythology, in which there were two deities—Ormudz and Ahriman—the god of truth and light and the god of darkness and death. He feared that the latter, and not the former, was the god worshipped by the senator from Ohio. He spoke in this strain for about ten minutes, and his speech, when reported in the next day's *Congressional Globe*, was a model in its way. It had a wonderful effect on the senate. When McDougall took the floor, the feeling was one of disgust that a man in his condition should intrude upon the deliberations of the senate; but the first few sentences changed all that, and before the close of the speech the drunkard was entirely forgotten in the orator. He carried his point. The republicans of the senate, with full power to pass the bill, postponed its consideration until next day, when Senator Dixon was carried to the senate chamber on a lounge, and by his vote defeated it. It subsequently became a law in another shape, however, over another veto. I think the story, as I have told it, very well illustrates the difference between republicanism and democracy, when placed in situations almost similar in character. Wade was rebuked by his own party for seeking to make political capital out of the affliction of a brother senator. McDougall is rebuked by his own party for promising an act of mereciful courtesy to a political opponent. The days of favorite sons for 1880 are already upon us, and it is openly given out in Washington that the election of Samuel J. Randall to the speakership in 1877 means his presentation as Pennsylvania's favorite son in 1880. If anybody had told me a few years ago, as I witnessed a desperate fight with ice-water pitchers, bottles and tumblers between a drunken man and a sober man in the barroom of the Metropolitan hotel of this city, that the drunken man in the fight would be a candidate for president in the near future, I certainly should not have believed him. Yet that drunken man was Samuel J. Randall—then, as now, a member of the house from the rowdy district of Philadelphia. He has reformed since then, and is now, I believe, a total abstainer. By the way, the terror of the barrooms of Pennsylvania avenue then. Under the influence of liquor he had a most unfortunate fondness for whipping his friends. He was as strong as an ox, and pitchers and tumblers were the favorite weapons with which he followed up assaults begun with the tongue which run fouled to an extraordinary degree. Indeed, the power of whisky to develop the dormant devil in a man was never more strongly illustrated than in the Samuel J. Randall of those days. But he is all right now, so they say, and would do for a model for deportment to be followed by any young man aspiring to be either an editor or a minister.

MACK.

The economical baby puts its toes in its mouth in order to make both ends meet.

REVIEW OF NEWS.

One Gully, who led the Chisolm murderers in Kemper county, is now the democratic candidate for sheriff of that county, and the Meridian (Miss.) *Mercury* of Oct. 10, speaking of his prospects says: "Reliable reports from all parts of Kemper unite in representing the people all rapidly acquiescing in the result of the late primary election and fast falling into line in support of Gully for sheriff as right in itself and the surest way to the full pacification of the county." It appears that about twenty persons have been indicted as principals and accessories in the Chisolm cases, and it is quite desirable that the leader of the gang should be chosen as the officer whose duty it may become to draw the jurors who will try these indictments. We are not informed as to whether this Gully is one of the indicted ones or not, but this fact would scarcely make any difference in the view of the average Mississippi democrat as to the eternal fitness of things where the murderers were native, chivalrous Mississippians and the murdered were republicans.

EAST AND WEST.

The rapid advancement the West has made in population within the last decade, is often alluded to, but, the exact figures are seldom procured. An interesting comparison of the relative growth of the East and the West has just been published, which points to the fact that the West is leaving the East far behind in the population race.

The six New England States—Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Vermont, Rhode Island and Connecticut—had an aggregate population in 1860 of 2,135,328, and in 1870 an aggregate of 3,487,924, showing an increase of 352,601 for the decade, or an average increase of a little over 11 per cent.

This average increase, however, was very unevenly distributed. In Maine, and New Hampshire there was a decrease of nearly 20,000 in the total population, nearly the whole increase of 352,601, in the total population of New England in the decade from 1860 to 1870 was in Massachusetts and Connecticut.

In the four States of New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania and Delaware there was a total population in 1860 of 7,571,201, which has increased to 8,063,821 in 1870, thus showing an average increase of a little over 15 per cent for the decade.

In he three states of Ohio, Indiana and Michigan, there was an aggregate population in 1860 of 4,439,092, which has increased in 1870 to 5,520,956, thus showing an increase of 1,080,000, or about 24 per cent for the decade.

In the three states of Illinois, Iowa and Wisconsin, there was an aggregate population in 1860 of 3,162,745, which had increased by 1870 to 5,888,581, thus showing a total increase of 1,625,836, or nearly 34 per cent for the decade.

In Minnesota, Nebraska and Kansas, there was a total population in 1860 of 308,070 which had increased by 1870 to 951,422, a gain of 619,041, or a little over 200 per cent.

In Colorado, New Mexico, and Texas there was in 1860 a total population of 732,000, which had increased by 1870 to 951,422, a gain of 218,422, or about 30 per cent.

In Dakota, Wyoming, and Montana territories there was an aggregate population in 1860 of 4,837, which had increased by 1870 to 43,694, or about 975 per cent.

PERSONS AND THINGS.

Troy *Times:* A little boy, observing a number of knights Templar standing in front of the Mansion House, halted a passer-by and inquired: "Say, mister, what are those men?" "Masons," was the response. "Are they on a strike?" continued the precocious youngster.

Miss Minnie E. Hodges, a lady who has just resigned the position of cashier and money-order clerk in the Des Moines, Iowa, post office, handled and paid out during six years $4,000,000 and never made a mistake of a cent.—At times she had charge of the whole office, with twenty-five or thirty clerks under her direction.

Have you been to the Farmers' Store, 37 North Church street, and looked over the stock of Groceries, Queens, Glass, Wood, Willow and Hard Wares that are to be exchanged for beef, pork, butter, lard, eggs, corn, oats, wood and greenbacks? E. B. PRATT.

Oct. 10—d&w3mo

Sewing Machine Needles, of all kinds at J. S. HAND & Co.'s, Next door to Post Office.

June 9 wtf.

No Calico, No Dry Goods—but a splendid line of Corsets, Berlin Zephyrs, Germantown Yarns, Shetland Wool and Floss, Canvas, of every description and style for tidies, rugs and other useful things; Perforated card-board, mottoes, zephyr patterns, ladies' white underwear, ladies' and children's Merino vests and pants, infant's woolen shirts, crochet sacques, infant's cloaks and robes, child dresses—a good stock—cloaks, felt skirts, hosiery and gloves, and a general stock of fancy goods and notions. Above goods are bought for cash, and sold at the lowest living prices. Come and see for yourself.

M. GOLDBURG,
Oct. 15-d&w 8 Merchant st.

A Fact.—As a matter of preference *manufacturers and importers* seek an outlet for their merchandise through *exclusive* dealers in their line of goods. This accounts for Abel & Locke receiving the choicest patterns of carpets and furnishing articles as soon as they are produced. (Oct. 5—d&w4w

Blankets and Flannels, bought in large quantities of the manufacturer, and which we will sell very cheap.

Sept. 27—d&wtf LINN & SCRUGGS.

A Large Line of gents' fine shoes just received at BARBER & BAKER'S.

Oct. 10—d&wtf

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE® NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

From Friday's Daily.

ARREST OF A HORSE THIEF.

On Tuesday last a man came to Boody with a horse and buggy, and inquired for a horse doctor, as his animal was sick.—He was referred to a Mr. Ward, and going to his house arranged to have the horse treated. He at the same time said to Mr. W. that he had business at Decatur which required his presence here and contracted with that gentleman to bring him to the city that night. On the way here, when about two miles out from the city, by some means the buggy upset and threw both men out upon the ground, injuring the leg of the stranger, so that he was quite lame. While Mr. Ward was righting up his buggy and getting his team in shape to come on to town, the man disappeared and could nowhere be found. Mr. W. came on to town and passed the night here, and in the morning found the man, who had given his name as Wm. T. Branford, registered at the Priest House. Nothing transpiring nothing wrong, and suspecting that the horse which had been left with him was stolen he notified Marshal Pringle of the circumstances narrated above. Soon afterward the Marshal went to the hotel and on inquiring for his man it was found that he had taken his valise from his room and passed out quietly at the south door, leaving without paying his bill. On visiting the express office it was found that the man had taken his name off the book and skipped to Springfield, to an address different from the name he had given at the hotel. Supposing he would take the next train west, the officer took Ward with him and visited the depot, where he learned that a man answering the description of the man they were in search of had taken the train out for Springfield and going in that direction they soon came to a man who Mr. W. said was the individual they were in search of. Alight but the gentleman agreed to stay with him for a while, until he could give satisfactory evidence that he was all right, whereupon the stranger became very indignant and said the officer knew there was nothing wrong with him. Notwithstanding these assurances the Marshal lodged him in the calaboose, and telegraphed to St. Louis to know if any such man was wanted there. In the morning a man came down from St. Louis, who had a few days before hired of a livery stable keeper there, by the name of Arnold, a team answering the description of that owned by this man, and had failed to return it, and that a warrant was out for his arrest. This, of course, settled things, and Marshal Pringle holds the horse and waits the officer from St. Louis. In the meantime, it appears that Ward had made a trip to St. Louis, and saw a notice which appeared in a St. Louis paper of Tuesday, offering a reward, for the apprehension of a man answering the description of Ward and the possession of a horse which he had stolen, and last night he returned, accompanied by Arnold, the owner, this morning they went down with Ward to identify his property. Arnold wants to take the man back to St. Louis with him, but the Marshal declines to give him up without a requisition, and Ward says he will not prosecute for the reward offered.

CROWN JEWEL HORSE STOLEN

COOK RECORD

HAY, LOW PRICES

OVERCOATS

HARDWARE

STOVES

& KAUFFMAN,

REAL ESTATE

CONVEYANCER, LOAN

AND INSURANCE AGENT

COUNTY AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

NEW CLOTHING HOUSE

GROCERIES

PROVISIONS

CROCKERY

WOOD STOVES

HARDWARE

STOVES

TINWARE

CLOTHING

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

HATS AND CAPS

BOOTS & SHOES

TRUNKS & VALISES

FLOUR & FEED

GRAIN & SEEDS

BUGGIES & HARNESS

CARPETS & OIL CLOTHS

WINDOW SHADES

PICTURES & FRAMES

BOOKS & STATIONERY

PATENT MEDICINES

TOILET ARTICLES

PERFUMERY

SPONGES

BRUSHES

COMBS

NOTIONS

HOSIERY

GLOVES

UNDERWEAR

DRY GOODS

CARPETS

**

MEETINGS.

Meetings are to be held at the following places at the times indicated below.

MONDAY EVENING, OCT 29

Macon—Speakers, J A Arnold, John Brayton, Ed. Moore, and D. L. Bunn.

Oakley—Speakers Rev. W B Allen, J W Hartley, L. F Goodrich, and Jacob Lichtenberger.

Forsythe—Speakers, L. F. Muzzy, F Priest, J B McDonald

TUESDAY, EVENING, OCT 30

Macon—L F Muzzy, J R Gorin, F Priest, J W. Hartley

Harristown—J B. Moore, J A Arnold, John Brayton, and D. L. Bunn

Boody—F. W Niedermeyer, Rev C C Bruner, P R Williams

Niantic—J B. McDonald, M. Skelley Rev. W G. Inman, M. P. Murphey

WEDNESDAY, OCT 31

Blue Mound—Rev D P. Bunn, John A Arnold, John Brayton and Ed Moore

THURSDAY, NOV. 1ST

Argenta—J. W Hartley, Rev Pettis, J R Gorin and L F. Muzzy.

FRIDAY, OCT. 2D.

Oreana—Rev. Pettis, L. F. Muzzy, B F Goodrich and J. W Hartley

By order of the committee.

J R GORIN, Chairman.

THE TEMPERANCE MEETING AT WARRENSBURG.

Monday Evening, October 22, 1877

Mr Conly, in the absence of E J Roberts, took the chair

"Hold the Fort," was sung by the M E Choir

Col Taylor was then introduced. He discussed the injustice which the country people suffered by the licensing of saloons, illustrated by the murders that have taken place in Decatur lately, the country people being taxed the same as cities to prosecute the criminals, with which they had nothing to do.

He was followed by Bro John A Arnold, who spoke of his sufferings caused by his abstinence from stimulants He asked for the prayers of those present to give him strength.

Bro. Ed Moore then sang "The Drunkard's Dream," a song well suited to the occasion, and which was loudly applauded.

Bro. John Brayton gave some of his experience in drinking, extending back to his 15th year of age

"Rescue the Perishing," was then sung by the choir.

Bro Ed Moore spoke of the example one gave by doing wrong himself He called on all those who had not signed the pledge to come and sign it, and identify themselves as gentlemen, also that every man in Decatur who wore the blue ribbon was their friend, and would always be so.

Bro. Hornbeck, pastor of the church, addressed the meeting He spoke of his father, Curtis Hornbeck, being in the same regiment of which Bro Moore's father was Colonel. He was glad to be able to speak after the son of Col. Moore, of whom his father had often told him.

"Yield not to Temptation," was then sung by the choir.

A call for signers was made, 88 new signers came up, making a total in this town of 145

Officers were elected for a regular organization, to be called "The Warrensburg Temperance Alliance,"

E.J. Roberts, President.
M. D. Hornbeck, Vice President
Dr. C. A McDonell, Sec
Aaron Dillinger Treasurer.
Bro. Conly, Chaplain.

BOILING SPRINGS.

The Temperance Alliance of Boiling Springs met for the first time with their new officers on Tuesday evening, Oct. 6. A number of visitors from Warrensburg were present

The meeting was opened by singing and prayer by Elder Boyer

President Lewis announced that the expected speaker from abroad had not made his appearance, and that we must depend upon home talent

Elder Boyer then made a short speech, showing the relation of temperance to christianity.

An item of business was brought forward by vice president Rife, which being disposed of, after another song S Ritchie addressed the audience in a few stirring sentences

Mr. Smith gave a few remarks, well chosen and well received

After deciding to meet with the temperance people of Warrensburg at Fairview, on Tuesday evening, Oct 23, the meeting adjourned. COM

After all the trouble and expense of sending a commission to treat with Sitting Bull, this most independent individual contemptuously declines to be forgiven. The telegraphic report of the interview at which General Terry made a speech offering full pardon, says that "the savage warrior smiled broadly at the mention of surrender, and the speech produced no effect, and the offer of peace was rejected The council broke up, and the commissioners turned their faces homeward" Hadn't the government now better leave Mr Sitting Bull to himself If he stays in Canada, he will do this country a great service If he returns and goes to kicking up a fuss, send General Miles after him, with instructions to make quick end sure work of his punishment.

brow,
Than win all good and gracious gifts
This generous Earth could e'er bestow
I'd rather have the power to move
One single, throbbing human heart,
Than all the glittering gems that gleam
In Mammon's wide and crowded mart.

I'd rather write one simple song
To soothe a weary child to rest,
And still some little restless head
Upon some tired mother's breast,
Than rule, in power a mighty queen,
The restless, mad, ungrateful mass—
Be hailed in wild and loud acclaim,
By multitudes through which I pass

I'd rather wear the tattered robe,
Which blind old Milton folded round him,
Before the rude forgetful world
With Poet's Laurel proudly crowned him—
I'd rather wear that tattered robe,
And feel the poet heart's deep throbbing,
Than all the jewels of the sea,
Or gorgeous India's richest robing

One single spray of heather bloom,
Like that which graced sweet Burns's brow,
Would be to me a richer boon,
Than all which from wealth's coffers flow
One leaf from grand old Shakspeare's crown
Were worth a life time of endeavor—
His fame shall live till Time's forgot,
His name shall proudly live forever

Old Plato lives in glowing thought,
And moves the human heart to-day,
As when in Isles of sunny Greece
He saw Greek maidens at their play.
If I could sing a song of love,
Like those that fell from sweet-tongued Moore,
I'd sing of love, and Cashmere vales,
And dark eyed maidens o'er and o'er.

DECATUR, SATURDAY

LIST OF LETTERS.

Remaining in the Post Office at Decatur, Oct 24, 1877.

Adkins Shedrick	Greyson Geo
Anderson W R	Hines Faires
Bettis Margaret	Hirth John
Billy Mary	Jones Nellie
Beadles W T	Lawson C A
Brown Calvin	Lowell Emma
Brown Claborn	Lee Mary Jane
Button Henry	Lockam Mrs W
Cole Josephine	Murray Maggie C
Clark Lizzie	Preston Oliver E
Compton Moses (3)	Parks J V
Crain Mrs R C	Roat Edwin
Deer A J	Rater Mrs H M
Dillon Frank	Richards Sarah J
Gabriel Anna	Roberts W D
Walker B W	Spinse Mrs
Wheeler Ellen	Stevenson L F

FOREIGN

Wysumwoke A	Lusgner Carl

R. P. LYTLE, P. M

THAT little joker, Sunset Cox, is losing caste with Democrats The New York *World*, noticing Cox's reference to the President as "Governor Hayes," says "This is certainly not very witty, it is certainly not likely to be very effective, and if it were, Mr Hayes might plead as an offset the fact that when, on the 14th of last March, Mr Cox wrote to him to ask the appointment of Mr George H. Butler as post office agent, to the Black Hills, Mr Cox addressed Mr. Hayes as Mr President, and directed his letter "To the Hon. R. B. Hayes, President United States."

THE Windsor *Sentinel* has the following with reference to a former Decaturite;

Rev J W. Crane preached to large and attentive audiences at the M. E Church on Sunday morning and evening. Mr Crane's sermons were full of sublime thoughts which were calculated to furnish food for the mind in the future days His manner of speaking is quite pleasant as well as impressive, while his logic is plain and suited to the times We think the Methodist people of Windsor have a good worker as well as a good preacher in Mr. Crane

A notice of protest has been served on the supervisors of Mahomet and Urbana, Champaign county, because of the non-payment of the principal of $12,500 bonds in the former, and $17,000 of the latter. These bonds were issued to the I. B. & W. ten years ago as a part of subscription to the capital stock of that road

EVERY little while some candidate for Federal office from the South or West is held up for public approval, duly indorsed—Born in Ohio. Now Ohio is a good state to be born in, or to die in, but there are lots of people well prepared for office who were neither born nor live in that state Let Illinois be tried for a time.—*Chicago Post*

M L SULLIVANT has 35,000 acres in magnificent corn in Livingstone and Ford counties It will average at least 30 bushels to the acre,—which will give 1,000,000 bushels At 20 cents his crop will bring him a gross return of $200,000, quite a snug sum for corn alone But he also harvested an immense crop of hay, oats, rye and wheat —*Pontiac Sentinel*

M JULES GREVY, who has been the President of the French Chamber of Deputies for some years past, will succeed the late M Thiers as the recognized republican leader in the next assembly He is a lawyer, a man of ability, experienced in statesmanship, 64 years of age, and an ardent republican He is looked forward to by the French republicans as the successor of MacMahon in the presidency of the republic Gambetta is a more brilliant man than Grevy, but is not as capable a leader.—*Chicago Journal*,

ocrat is safe. We make the following extracts from his very readable letter of the 19th,

It is very unusual to find such unanimity among men of any party, respecting any political subject, as there is at present among the republicans concerning the next presidency. Undoubtedly it is a little early in the season to talk of the succession, perhaps it would be well to be a little more nearly "off" with the "old love" before they are on with the new. But, then, the "old love" in this case is a bad case of incompatibility Dissatisfaction with the present is the most lively incentive to contemplation of the future, and it cannot be denied that there is a very keen sense of dissatisfaction and disappointment with the present in the minds of those who helped to make it. Hence the general disposition to look ahead and to extract from the future what little comfore it can be made to pay out in advance.

Now, the point upon which all republicans seem to be agreed at present is, that Gen Grant is the man of all others through whom to frustrate the rising hopes of the democracy in 1880 I have dwelt somewhat upon the absurdity of the cry, "Principles, not men," because the present executive illustrates its worst application, in leaving us with only a small amount of man and no principles, while Grant is a splendid illustration of its utter negation, being a man who is a tower of strength in himself, stronger than any platform, and greater than any party In saying this it does not follow that the man who says it indorses Gen Grant's former administration as the best that this nation has a right to expect Grant was not a model president, by any means In the early days of the party, when the organization was stronger than any man, he would not, in the light of his two terms, have been the choice of any considerable portion of the people or the leaders. But circumstances over which the party, as an organization, had no control, have rendered it necessary to forget much of the past eight years, to bear with patience the coming three, and to see what can be done at the end of that time, not so much to retain the republican organization as to keep the democratic organization out of power The universal feeling is that Grant is the man to do this thing, and hence the universal favor with which his name is received.

The tendency of events in this country is, and for some time has been, to exalt the man above the platform—or, rather, to demand for president, a man who is stronger than his party This was illustrated in the railroad riots. Mr. Hayes wrote a proclamation telling the rioters to disperse; the rioters paid no attention to it, and it had to be enforced with bayonets Grant in the same place would have written a proclamation, and the rioters would have dispersed without waiting for the army —and why? Because the name of U. S. Grant signed to a public document has what George Eliot calls a "certain dynamic force" which is more easily understood than explained, but which, at any rate, conveys the vague idea which is resolved in American parlance into the word "business" The dullest and most obstinate of the rioters would have reasoned from the signature to the gun in the case of Grant, but in the case of Hayes they waited for the actual demonstration to be present to their physical senses. I think this a correct interpretation of what was the general feeling at the time of the occurrences to which I allude And this thing in the same connection Government in this country must soon become more of a fact and less of a fantasy than it has been As the lawless spirit, which is one of the inevitable outgrowths of the communistic tendencies of the times, develops, it must be met with something more valuable than a party platform, or a man who represents nothing stronger or better than a resolution of "undying devotion" to a vague idea. Party conventions must cease to nominate men whose nominations will be a surprise to the country and to themselves They must cease to act upon the idea that shoe-making is a trade to be learned, and that government is an art which, like Dogberry's reading and writing, comes to all men by nature

Whether Gen Grant would accept the nomination is a different question There are those who pretend to discover the aspiring third termer in the European traveler On the other hand, those who are most intimate with him, say, that under no circumstances would he again enter the field of politics Mr Conkling puts it in the light of an appeal to his sense of duty which he could not resist The New York senator has always been partial to Grant and he feels that he has rather the best of those who sneered at him when he used to hint that there might be something worse than a third term Most assuredly there might, and I greatly mistake the good sense of the American people if their verdict be not that there are at least two things worse than a third term The first is a weak man rising not only above his party, but against it, and the second is the election of a democratic president We cannot avoid the first, but we can prevent the second, and we can do it best by shaking hands with the hero of Vicksburg and Appomatox over the faults and follies which he himself is willing to confess, and calling him once more to the front.

MACK.

coloring agent of the blood, and indispensential to the evacuative function. When the liver grows torpid, complete chaos ensues in the bowels, and stomach: the bile is injected into the circulation in large quantities, and constipation and indigestion are produced Pains under the right shoulder blade and through the right side, headaches, vertigo, yellowness of the tongue and nausea also follow — But these and other symptoms of biliousness, and the disorders which accompany it, are entirely removed by Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, that benign restorer of organic disturbance and remedy for physical weakness Intermittent and remittant fever, urinary and uterine troubles, rheumatism, gout and other maladies, also yield to the remedial influence of the great corrective and invigorant. It is the people's chosen remedy

Oct 22 d&w6w

THE largest strike in the country at present is that of the cigar makers in New York city. Thousands of the rollers of the fragrant weed are lying idle and refusing to work for the wages paid to employes. There is no sign of compromise on either side of the controversy.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of WILLIAM D. HAMILTON, Dec'd.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to all persons having claims and demands against the estate of William D. Hamilton, deceased, to present the same for adjustment and settlement at a regular term of the county court of Macon county, to be holden at the court house in the city of Decatur, on the Third Monday in December, A. D. 1877, being the first day of said term. OCTAVIUS HAMILTON Admr.

Decatur, Ill., Oct. 24, A. D. 1877.
Oct. 25-w3w*

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The Perfection of

HARD COAL BASE BURNERS!

Viz. The

CROWN JEWEL.

Also the

GOOD RECORD.

Which is an Excellent Stove and at

Very Low Prices

For Soft Coal call and see the

CROWN DIAMOND,

Revolution and Rotary

Also a full assortment of all kinds of

COAL & WOOD STOVES.

A Full Line of

HARDWARE,

TINWARE,

ETC., ETC.

PRICES GREATLY REDUCED!

R. C. CROCKER,

No. 9 Water Street.

Oct17-d&w1w

OVERMIRE & KAUFMAN,

REAL ESTATE,

INSURANCE, LOAN,

AND

Collecting Agents

MONEY LOANED,

Notes Bought and Sold, Houses Rented and Taxes Paid.

Special Attention Given to Renting Houses

All business entrusted to us will receive careful and prompt attention. Office

OVER DECATUR NATIONAL BANK.

Mar14 76-d&wtf

MONEY TO LOAN

On

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At the

VERY LOWEST RATES.

W. A. BARNES,

OVER STOOKEY'S BOOK STORE.

Decatur Mar15'77-1y

Book-keepers, Reporters, Operators, School Teachers

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Fitted at Great Mercantile College, Keokuk, Iowa

Comer Main and Water Streets

THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,

Solicits an Inspection of his Large Stock of

CLOTHING,

HATS, CAPS, FURNISHING GOODS,

BOOTS, SHOES, TRUNKS, ETC.

Our Stock is now Complete—Our Prices Lower than Ever.

A CARD TO THE PUBLIC.

We were weak enough to publish our last advertisement in the Herald & Tribune, and knowing that it was a raid on the good sense of all educated and sensible poetical individuals, we headed it "Cheap Charley on the War Path." This has been misunderstood or misconstrued, and, in consequence, has brought forth another, intended to be a sequel to hurt, and in opposition to ours, as the head-lines prove. We feel that we are responsible to the Public for this outrage, and beg pardon for our efforts at poetry. It was in a weak moment when we mounted Pegasus, but we will never do it again We will never advertise in poetry again, but what we will do is this: We will write some poetical advertisements for our competitor, to save him the trouble to counteract ours. For instance, we would advise the People's Friend (our name is "The Poor Man's Friend") to advertise in the next issue thus:

O, come, old man, young man and bachelor too,
Let me show some spring goods to you.
Do not think I have none on hand,
Enough to clothe all in the land,
New and old styles, many years' spoil,
Very well kept and free from soil,
Dare not for money or special name,
Have made me and poetical fame

If this should be followed by another outburst of an overwhelming, generous heart, we beg pardon of the Public in advance for inflicting such pain to it.

Respectfully

CHEAP CHARLEY,

The Popular Clothier, Corner East Main and Water Sts., Decatur.

RESUMPTION PRICES!

MAMMOTH STOCK OF

BOOTS AND SHOES

FOR THE FALL AND WINTER, NOW READY AT

L. L. FERRISS' SHOE STORE.

Oct27'77-d&wtf

REVOLUTION

IN

CHAIN PUMPS.

The subscriber would respectfully announce to the citizens of Decatur and Macon and adjoining counties, that he has secured the Exclusive Right to

MANUFACTURE AND SELL

MERRILL & BARTLETT'S

WATER-PURIFYING,

RUBBER BUCKET

CHAIN PUMP,

And is prepared to furnish said Chain Pumps on short notice

The advantages of this Pump over many others are many. The Chain being buttonless, it is much lighter, consequently it is not liable to break, and works much easier The Rubber Buckets, which are attached to the Chain, will not wear the tubing, consequently it will last longer than when Metal Buttons are used It is, positively, ANTI-FREEZING It is a positive Water Purifier, as each bucket is constructed with an Air Chamber, which carries a given quantity of pure air into the water which immediately diffuses through the entire body of water, purifying and cleaning, and rendering it fit for use

A. A. MURRAY.

N B. County Rights for sale on reasonable terms deo 9-d&wtf.

BEES

For Sale Cheap.

In order to reduce my stock before going into winter quarters, I will sell a few HIVES of ITALIAN BEES in movable comb hives for $5.00 per hive.

E. A. GASTMAN.

Oct. 17—d&w w2w

A. C. CORNMAN,

House and Sign Painter.

PAPER HANGING,

Kalsomining, Graining, Glazing, Etc.

SHOP:

Over John Washburn's Grocery Store, South Side New Square, Decatur, Illinois.

Mar1'77-d&w6m

JACKSON'S BEST

Sweet Navy Chewing Tobacco

was awarded BRONZE PRIZE at Centennial Exposition for fine chewing qualities and excellence and lasting character of sweetening and flavoring. If you want the best tobacco ever made, ask your grocer for this, and see that each plug bears our blue strip trade-mark, with words Jackson's Best on it Sold at wholesale by all jobbers Send for sample to.

C. A. JACKSON & Co., M'f'rs., Petersburg, Va

THE DAUNTLESS, PRIZE MEDAL, DELMONICO, FOREST ACORN STOVES, HEATERS & RANGES.

ASK YOUR Hardware Dealer for them. If he cannot supply you, write to the Manufacturers.

Rathbone, Sard & Co.,

38 & 40 Lake St., Chicago.

Oct. 10—d&wtw

$30 Each week to Agents. Goods Staple. Address P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine.

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